ANCISCO.
AUILDING
Repairing
ENT,
sitout be-
Battery.
PATENT FALSE TEETH
lar saws.
its branches, such as Gum-
aightening, etc.
all sizes; also Cross-cut, Mill
itcher, and Hand-saws of all
good assortment of Saw Ar-
rates.
NER KNIVES and MOULD-
on hand, or made to order on
APP, BURRELL & CO.,
ts, Portland, Oregon, are my
ts for Oregon, Washington and
them by telegraph or other-
same rates as if sent to me di-
EDICAL.
NFORTUNATE.
on's Dispensary,
523 KEARNEY STREET,
COR. COMMERCIAL,
an Francisco. Established in
1854, for the treatment of Sexual
and Seminal Diseases, such as
Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture,
Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal
Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin
Diseases (of years standing) and
Ulcerated Legs successfully treat-
ed.
OOK FOR THE MILLION!
RRIAGE
UIDE,
LEGAL NOTICES
TICE IN BANKRUPTCY
DANIEL J. MALARKEY,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger
armers and Others.
NTS ARE ARRIVING in the
W. S. LADD,
B. GOLDSMITH,
H. W. CORBETT,
C. LEINENWEBER,
WILLIAM REID,
(State Commissioners of Immigration.
MITH & LOEWENBERG
Successors to Friedman & Co.
14 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block
Importers and Dealers in
VES, MEATS,
NMEN'S STOCK.
of TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFE
M. PFUNDER,
HECARY AND CHEMIST,
UTSCHE APOTHEKE,
of First and Oak streets, (Portland
SCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.--NO. 72. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1875. PRICE--TEN CENTS

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Good for Kellogg.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28.—Gov. Kellogg to-day instructed the Attorney-General to institute suit against Auditor Clinton and his sureties, stating that though the Senate had failed to act on the charges preferred by the House of Representatives, he deemed it right that an immediate and thorough investigation be had of any alleged malfeasance on the part of auditors.

Specie Drift.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Up to noon to-day $550,000 gold coin had been ordered at the sub-treasury for shipment to-morrow.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Specie shipment $500,000.

Accident at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, April 28.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon, the scaffolding fell from a three-story house, corner of Smithfield street and 7th avenue, while carpenters were working on it. Thos. A. Bodie was instantly killed, and Wm. McGlumphy and Walter Guthrie seriously injured.

Consecration of Bishop Jaggers.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The Church of the Holy Trinity was crowded to-day on the occasion of the consecration of Rev. Thos. A. Jaggers, D. D., bishop of the diocese of southern Ohio. In the chancel there was a grand array of church dignitaries, including eight bishops besides a large number of clergy from this and other dioceses.

Appointment that is highly Appreciated.

CHICAGO, April 28.—There is a general feeling of satisfaction at army headquarters here as well as among the many civilian friends of Maj. Robert Macfeely over his appointment as commanding general in place of Gen. Shiras deceased. The unusual honor conferred upon Maj. Mac is the more notable in that it was entirely unsought by him. Army officers recognize the appointment as one made solely upon the merits of the appointee.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Gold closed at 15⅛@¼; money 4@5; Gov'ts dull and strong; stocks active and unsettled; W. U., 79⅞; Quicksilver, 19; Pacific Mail, 44⅞; Wells Fargo, 91½; N. Y. Cen, 103; Erie, 9⅞; Panama, 162; Union Pacific, 76⅜; Union bonds, 101; Central bonds, 103.

Oshkosh City Destroyed by Fire.

MILWAUKEE, April 28.—One-third of the city of Oshkosh is in ashes. Engines are stopped and the best one burned up. They are now blowing up buildings, hoping to save some part of the city. They are also applying to neighboring cities for help.

Address of the Massachusetts State Temperance Alliance.

BOSTON, April 28.—The State Temperance Alliance to-day adopted an address to the people urging them to take advantage of the clause in the new liquor law affording local option as a protection against the licensed sale of liquor.

Death of Mrs. Conway, the Actress.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Mrs. Sarah J. Conway, of the Brooklyn Theater, died to-night, at her residence in Brooklyn.

Another Banquet to Schurz.

NEW YORK, April 28.—A banquet was given to-night at Delmonico's by leading German citizens to Carl Schurz, who sails to-morrow for Europe.

Champion Billiard Match.

NEW YORK, April 28.—In the billiard match to-night between Garnier and Vignaux, for the championship and $1,000 a side, Garnier won in the 48th inning by a score of 600 to 258.

Communication Complete between Omaha and San Francisco.

OMAHA, Neb., April 28.—At half-past 1 this afternoon the last break on the Union Pacific road was closed near Green river, and all trains waiting at that point passed over the new bridges east and west. Two immigrant trains which left Omaha Friday, with over a thousand passengers, have gone through without transferring; also express trains leaving here Monday noon. There is now no interruption to regular movements of trains between Omaha and San Francisco.

Great Fire at Oshkosh—Three Lives Lost.

OSHKOSH, Wis., April 28.—A terrible fire has been raging all the afternoon. All the newspaper offices, [illegible] telegraph offices, Harding's Opera House, postoffice, Universalist church; all hotels but one, and nearly all the business portion of the city are gone. It is utterly impossible to estimate the loss. Two men have been killed by falling walls. The city is in the wildest frenzy. The fire is now under [illegible].

LATER—10 P. M.—The fire broke out in Morgan & Bros.' sawmill, burning that and a dozen other saw-mills and shingle mills on Saw-dust avenue, and [illegible] feet of lumber, and hundreds of houses. The burnt district is a mile and half long, and a half-mile wide. Three lives are reported lost. Hundreds of families are homeless. There is not a dry-goods store standing on the north side now. It is [illegible] to give the loss to-night. The city is in the hands of a mob, and extra police are on duty. The fire commenced at the corner of Pine and [illegible] streets and spread east and northeast through Hancock, Pearl, Warren and High streets, destroying the depots of the St. Paul railway, and proceeding to Main street, where the principal business houses are located, and extending in the north line of the above limits southeasterly across Fifth, Wauzbo and Otter streets to Cape street,—the south line being the river, with the exception of a block or two about the foot of Main street.

Fire at Canton, N. Y.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., April 28.—A fire at Canton last night destroyed property of the value of $100,000.

Not at Canton, but at Herman.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The fire reported at Canton proves to have been at Herman, account of which was sent to-night.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Election of a Liberal to Parliament.

LONDON, April 28.—The Marquis of Tavistock, Liberal, is elected to Parliament from Bedfordshire, without opposition.

The Turf.

LONDON, April 28.—The race for the two thousand guineas stakes at Newmarket was won by Cambrillo.

An Interesting Masonic Installation.

LONDON, April 28.—The Prince of Wales was installed as Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge of Masons at Royal Albert Hall to-day, in presence of a large concourse.

Proceedings to Remove a Bishop.

BERLIN, April 28.—Legal proceedings have been commenced by the Prussian government for the removal of the Prince Bishop of Breslau, for violation of ecclesiastical laws.

Noted Death.

MADRAS, April 28.—Lord Hobart, governor of this presidency, is dead.

LONDON, April 28.—Sir Gillery Pigot Puisne, Baron of the Court of Exchequer, died to-day.

Prussianizing Belgium.

A *Herald's* cable special from London says an arrangement has been made between the leaders of the Liberal party in Belgium and Bismarck. The latter, by the application of diplomatic pressure, undertakes to bring about the downfall of the clerical ministry. The Liberals, then returning to power, are to make laws to suppress the publication of views unfavorable to the German ecclesiastical policy. The Liberals would introduce compulsory military service and establish new fortifications, consequently Liberal Belgian papers support the latest demand of the German Cabinet insisting on the overthrow of the clerical government. This [illegible] Prussianizing of Belgium.

Spain Salutes the German Flag.

SANTANDER, April 28.—As a final act of reparation for the Gustav outrage the Spanish commander at Guetaria on the arrival of the German fleet off that point fired a salute of 21 guns.

Riots Among the Coal Miners.

BRUSSELS, April 28.—Trouble with the miners at Charleroi continues. Serious riots are reported.

John Bright Ridicules our Centennial.

LONDON, April 28.—At a reception given Chevalier, a distinguished French economist of Birmingham this evening, John Bright made some remarks on free trade, in the course of which he said it was ludicrous for the United States to invite foreign manufacturers to compete at an exhibition, when the protective tariff prevented them from competing in American markets.

Kidderminster will not Exhibit Her Carpets at the Centennial.

LONDON, April 29.—At a meeting of the town council of Kidderminster yesterday, the secretary of the Carpet Manufacturers' Association stated that carpet manufacturers throughout the kingdom had decided not to send their products to the Philadelphia Exhibition, because of the existence of a prohibitory tariff, and that a memorial to this effect would be forwarded to the British minister at Washington.

Shipping.

LIVERPOOL, April 28.—Arrived—Ship *John Gambir*, from San Francisco.

Demonstrations against Don Alphonso.

VIENNA, April 27.—Violent demonstrations have been made against Don Alphonso who is residing at Gratz. The mob attempted to destroy his villa. The police were called upon to protect it, and several rioters were arrested.

LONDON, April 29.—A special dispatch from Gratz to the *Daily News* says Don Alphonso was insulted and beaten by the rioters, and the police had to clear the streets with bayonets.

A STAY-AT-HOME WOMAN.—Harrodsburg, Ky., has a woman resident who has lived in one house for half a century, and has just been on the main street of the town, hardly two hundred yards from the house, for the first time in thirty-seven years, though she has been all the while in good health.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The attendance at the Beecher trial to-day is much smaller than usual. Mrs. Tilton was present, in company with Mrs. Field. The examination of

General Tracy

Was resumed. He testified that he had an interview with Franklin Woodruff, in which Woodruff said many people thought Moulton should issue a card about his relations with the Woodhull people; that it would hurt the firm, and he wished me to have a consultation with Moulton. I agreed to have a consultation with him on the understanding that it would not be hostile to Beecher. This was agreed to, and he said he would bring Moulton around and introduce him to me, as I did not know Moulton then. Woodruff referred to some papers in Moulton's possession, relating to the difficulty, and it was in respect to these, and Woodruff suggested secrecy should be maintained by me. Soon after, Woodruff brought Moulton around to my office. The subject was referred to—our previous conversation, as to what publication should be made by Moulton. The conversation was general, and the object of the introduction was attended to. The question submitted to me was, if it was wise to make answer in a public card to the publication. I said I could say nothing until I saw the papers, and no opinion could be expressed without examination of the papers he had. An appointment was made for next Sunday afternoon at Moulton's house. Before going there I did not have a consultation with Beecher, or instructions or authority from him. I went there after dinner Sunday, between 2 and 3. I left his house about 10 or 11 that night. When I went in I found Woodruff there. I have a faint impression Tilton was there. Woodruff, Moulton and I repaired to the study, where Mr. Moulton went to a tin box and took out some papers. The first paper he showed me was the letter of contrition, which I began to read. The handwriting struck me, and I asked him if this was Beecher's. He said no, it was his. I said it was not signed, but he showed me the endorsement signed, he said, by Beecher. He said it was notes of a conversation he had with Beecher. After reading it through I said this would not interfere with the publication of a card against the Woodhull scandal. The next paper he showed me was the letter of retraction. On reading the paper, or soon after I had read the postscript, I said, this paper would seem to imply that Beecher has been attempting the virtue of Mrs. Tilton. I then asked the history of this paper. He said generally, that after Tilton had accused Beecher, he went to Mrs. Tilton and obtained this paper from her.

In the course of the talk that followed I asked Moulton if Tilton charged Beecher with adultery, and he said no. I asked him what the charge was, and he said, "Ask Tilton; I would rather you would do so." He then went out of the room, and returned with Tilton, who said he was asked to make a statement of the case to me, and said if he did, and Beecher came into collision, would the etiquette of the profession allow me to be counsel of the other party. I said if he made a statement of the case to me I would not feel at liberty to act for the other party. Tilton then produced a manuscript and read it, talking and reading. The reading occupied about an hour, but I could not discriminate between the reading and the running talk. Tilton handed me a copy of the "True Story." I am unable to state whether this is the paper, parts of which were read to me by Tilton. I remember that some of the documents in this statement were read to me. The statement began with an allusion to the Woodhull publication appearing in his absence, and of his determination to publish a card. This paper treated of his relations with Bowen, and the statement of Mrs. Tilton that her friend (Beecher) had solicited her to become "a wife to him with all that that name implied," was in it; and also the whole or part of the letter of contrition. The paper also contained the letter of December 26th from Tilton to Beecher through Bowen. The paper also contained praises of Mrs. Tilton for resisting the amorous pleas of her pastor. He said he prepared the document for publication, and that he would show it to Beecher. He spoke of Beecher's going to his wife in her weak condition and getting the retraction. He said to me Beecher had admitted his guilt in the letter of apology to him. I said the language in that letter was too general. He then denounced Beecher and accused him of adultery. I asked him if it was with his wife, and he said no, with another woman, or other women, and he could prove it. When he finished reading his paper, I said your statement settles one thing, and that is, you do not charge Beecher with adultery. He said no, my wife is a pure woman. He said he never told Mrs. Woodhull one word contained in her publication. We discussed his paper for some time as an answer to the Woodhull publication. I asked him at one point what were his present feelings toward Beecher, and he said they were friendly, or that they were not unfriendly. He said he wished to bury this matter, and get it out of the way. I asked him why he did not give the public simply a denial, and he said this was what the woman wanted him to do. This would make him liable for libel, and the case would come out in court. I refuted the idea of an action of libel; and he asked, if they would not bring it. I replied they could; and he said it would only serve as a pretext to get the facts before the public. He thought the charges were too circumstantial, and particular to be met by a simple denial, people would have to get at the truth of it, and they would not be satisfied with a denial. He also said, "I cannot deny it truthfully," nor could he tell a lie; that while the publication contained things that were untrue, there were also truths in it. The discussion lasted a long time. At the close Moulton asked me what I proposed, and I said that depended upon what they wanted to accomplish; that if they desired to bury it they must declare the "publication false and burn the documents." Tilton said he would not permit them to be burned, because Beecher would then turn and rend him, and he said if Beecher did not the members of Plymouth Church would, because they thought he had been slandering Beecher. He said, if these documents were out of the way, Beecher would not restrain the church from attacking him. He suggested that he and Beecher should go before some prominent citizens and make their statements, that the documents could then be burned, and if the matter came up again these parties could satisfy the public with regard to the true position of matters. We came to no agreement and parted. I had a conversation with Moulton afterwards, in which he asked what could be done for Tilton; said he ought to go to Europe, as no paper would now take him on its staff, on account of his connection with Mrs. Woodhull. While in Europe he could write for two or three papers articles which people would read and discuss, and in three or four years this matter would be forgotten, and he could return and take a position on some paper.

Moulton denied having told Mrs. Woodhull these stories, and said they must have been told by Mrs. Morse and traveled from ear to ear until they reached Mrs. Woodhull.

While Tilton was reading his paper, I said Beecher would never stand this being published if it was not true, and he said: "Well, I'll have to stand it, for it is true." I suggested that each of the parties connected with the scandal should publish a card denying the specific portions of it relating to them. He said he did not deny it in that sense, or brand that story as false; that he would publish a copy in the right way. In that interview I received information that Mrs. Davis could and would deny that portion of the scandal relating to her, and Tilton said that the relations of Mrs. Davis to his family as told in that paper were untrue. I said to Moulton that it was desirable these documents should be destroyed; that as long as they were in existence an armed neutrality would be maintained between the parties; that if he kept these papers I didn't see how he would be able to keep himself out of trouble; that I would sooner keep a powder magazine in my house than have these papers there. Moulton never said to me that the essential points in this story were true. The general statement that they both made to me was that the story told by Mrs. Woodhull was essentially false. Woodruff did object to Moulton's denying anything in a card. He said they could not deny the whole of that story. They had been denying it in conversations before the interview, and at that interview the question under discussion was whether it should be denied in a public card. I didn't say to any person that it was right to lie, nor that in such case as this lying would be justifiable.

Court took the usual recess.

After recess, surprise was occasioned by Shearman calling

Mrs. E. J. Ovington

To the stand. Shearman stated that she had been recalled at the request of the other side for further cross-examination.

Question—You stated that Mrs. Tilton came to your residence July 9th, 1874, and rode to Coney Island with you on the 10th. What time in the day was that? *Answer*—It was about five o'clock. Tilton was before the investigating committee that evening at Storrs' house. Witness learned from Cleveland that Tilton was to be before the committee that evening, he having sent her a note in accordance with a request from her to let her know if Tilton testified. A note from Mrs. Ovington to Cleveland was read as follows: "Is Mr. Tilton with the committee this afternoon, or will he be informed of anything that may disturb him. Please send word by bearer, as I have promised in that case to telegraph Mrs. Tilton to come and remain with me to-night. I may have forgotten to mention this when speaking to you this afternoon."

Cleveland's reply was read, as follows: "Tilton is here, but I guess you need not send for Mrs. Tilton." Mrs. Tilton's note in reply: "Mrs. Ovington, my beloved, don't fear for me; I will stay to-night and come to you in the morning; we will both trust and wait on the Lord." Witness continued: She showed this note to her husband. She didn't expect Mrs. Tilton next morning, but she came before breakfast. Witness wrote a note to Cleveland, because she had promised to inform Mrs. Tilton when her husband would be before the committee.

Shearman here proposed to read a note from Mrs. Tilton to witness, the substance of which the latter had stated in her previous testimony, but plaintiff's counsel objected, and the court ruled it out, and witness left the stand.

Tracy Resumed the Stand

And testified that during this interview nothing was said to him about repeating any of the conversation to Beecher. He saw Beecher after this and told him the conversation. Moulton saw witness a few days afterward and asked him to tell Beecher a portion of the conversation at this interview. Witness knew nothing of the Woodhull scandal except what was published during the discussion between Tilton and witness as to how the scandal should be met. The question of what would be lying and what would not be lying was discussed. Moulton never told witness at the interview on Sunday that Beecher was guilty of adultery, nor did witness say to him that if it were true, it was a case in which lying was justifiable. Nothing about sexual intercourse or lying about it if it were true, was talked about between Moulton and witness at any time. Witness said at the interview that the case should be summarily treated, that the story was essentially false, but to take all points separately and deny them would not be lying; that he would take the responsibility of that form of denial. He told Tilton that if the scandal was published in the form he proposed, it would destroy him, his wife and Beecher. Nothing was said of Tilton's having condoned his wife's offense, and for that the world would never forgive him.

Evarts asked witness for the details of the interview between him and Moulton on the 24th of June, 1874, but Beach objected and the court ruled it out. The witness then proceeded to relate the interview with Moulton about the Bacon letter, but the evidence was ruled out. He then said he went to see Moulton on the 24th of July, 1874, taking a letter from Beecher asking Moulton to give witness certain documents. Moulton refused to receive the letter.

Court adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Agent Elliott Vindicates Himself.

CHICAGO, April 28.—A Washington special says: Special Agent Elliott, from Alaska, is here, supervising the printing of his last report. This report will confirm the important positions which excited so much curiosity in the scientific world, and which were so violently assailed. Elliott maintains that for physiological reasons the seals will never leave Alaska, and will consequently always be a source of revenue to the government.

The Mexican Border Raids in Cabinet Meeting.

Another dispatch says: The principal subject of discussion at Cabinet meeting to-day was the situation on the Mexican border. The official reports as to the raiding of parties were formally presented and considered. They consisted of the report received by the Postmaster-General from the postmasters who have been molested, and of the reports of army officers. These documents substantiated most of the dispatches from the Mexican border. The Postmaster-General showed that several of his officers have been killed. The Secretary of State manifested some restiveness at these raids. It is understood that the Mexican government had disclaimed all responsibility for the incursions. It is evident that if these raids are to continue the border mail service will of necessity be discontinued. No formal conclusion was reached, but it was generally understood that a note of protest would soon be prepared to be presented to the Mexican government as a preliminary to the preparation of a formal note. Mr. Jewell is arranging for the President all the correspondence of the Postoffice Department on this subject.

Judge Williams' Letter of Resignation.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Following is the letter of resignation of Attorney-General Williams, and reply of the President:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22, 1875.

The President—SIR: I hereby resign the office of Attorney-General of the United States, to take effect 15th proximo. I cannot dissolve our official relations without thanking you for the many acts of friendship and confidence with which you have honored me, and expressing for you personally my very high regard and esteem.

Very respectfully,
GEORGE H. WILLIAMS.

The President's Reply.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 26, 1875.

Hon. Geo. H. Williams, Attorney-General U. S.—DEAR SIR: In accepting your resignation of the office of Attorney-General of the United States, to take effect 15th May, 1875, as tendered by your letter of 22d April, allow me to express my appreciation of the ability, zeal and efficiency with which the trust confided to your charge has been performed. My sincere friendship accompanies you in the new field of life you have chosen, and the best wishes for your success. Very respectfully,

U. S. GRANT.

Judge Pierrepont Succeeds Williams.

The President having tendered the position of Attorney-General to Judge Edwards Pierrepont, of New York, that gentleman has accepted.

Gen. Shiras' Successor.

The President has appointed Major Robt. Macfeely, commissary general of subsistence, vice Shiras deceased. Major Macfeely is a native of Pennsylvania, and at present on the staff of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan.

The Grand Jury Inquiring into the Wm. S. King Perjury Charges.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—To-day the grand jury of the district took up the case of Wm. S. King, with the view of inquiring into the charges of perjury against him preferred by the committee of ways and means in the Pacific mail steamship investigation. The following witnesses were examined: Hons. Henry L. Dawes, M. C. Kerr, Thos. Ellis, Dumont Clark, J. Carr, Geo. S. Coe and C. B. McDougall. Summonses for Alden B. Stockwell and R. B. Irwin were returned, "In Europe, not found."

Application for Free Entry of a Cargo of Sugar at Portland—Answer of the Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in answer to an application from Portland, Oregon, for the free entry of a cargo of sugar from the Sandwich Islands, telegraphs to the effect that as the treaty recently concluded between the Hawaiian government and that of the United States has not yet been promulgated, such entry cannot at present be permitted, but that parties desiring to enter merchandise with the benefit of the treaty, may protect their rights in the premises by protest, and appeal in the usual manner. It is known, however that this treaty, as ratified by the Senate, provides that it shall not go into operation until the laws required to carry it into effect shall have been passed by the Congress of the United States. Appropriate action of the House of Representatives is expected next winter.

Information of Vacancies Prohibited.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular prohibiting clerks and other employes of the treasury department from giving any information relative to vacancies under penalty of removal.

WEST INDIES.

Pardon Offered to the Rebels.

HAVANA, April 28.—Captain-General Valmazeda has issued a proclamation offering pardon to rebels who surrender before May 30, 1875. The pardon is unconditional for all, except deserters from Spanish forces, who will be required to serve in the vanguard of the army until the close of the war. The proclamation declares that enough loyal bayonets remain in Spain to make those Spanish soldiers bite the dust who continue in close union with insurgents, shedding the blood of their former companions and brothers.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Ophir 104, Mexican 28¾, Gould and Curry 18¼, B & B 53¼, Savage 132, Chollar 80, Hale and Norcross 47, Point 31, Jacket 87, Imperial 9¼, Kentuck 16¼, Alpha 26¼, Belcher 35¼, Confidence 23¼, Con Va 450, Sierra Nevada 13¼, Empire Mill 6¾, California 63¾, Bullion 63, Exchequer 315, Overman 73, Justice 135, Succor 1¼, Union 8¾, Lady Bryan 5¼, Julia 9¾, Caledonia 22, Knickerbocker 4¼, Globe 1¼, Baltimore 7¾, Utah 5¼, S Hill 12¼.

EVENING BOARD.—M Valley 8, Ray & Ely 51¾, Eureka Con 34¼, Pioche 4, A Flag 2¼, Coffilor 50c, Pioche West 3, Belmont 4¾, Prussian 2¾, Cherry Creek 1½, Leopard 13¼, Jefferson 8, Gila 3¼, G Chariot 8, Elmore 3¼, S Chariot 2, W Eagle 5, Poorman 6¼, Dayton 3, R Island 7, N Y 2¼, Occidental 3¼, Senator 70, A Flat 11¼, Alta 5, Woodville 2¼, Kossuth 1¼, O G Hill 3¼, Seg R I 1¼, C P Ravine 65c, Andes 5¼, Midas 8, Florida 3, Pacific 1¼, Wells Fargo 30c, N Carson 25c, Cosmopolitan 25, Prospect 25.

Greenbacks, 87¼@88.

The Breaks all Repaired.

SACRAMENTO, April 28.—Information was received to-day that the breaks in the Union Pacific road are all repaired. The track is lined with trains en route West with deluged passengers, mails and freight. The first freight over the road since the break is expected here Saturday.

UTAH.

First Train Since the Washout.

SALT LAKE, April 28.—The first train since April 14th passed over the break in the Union Pacific Railroad on Bitter creek, Wyoming, at 2 P. M. to-day.

This is the season of the year when the farmer tells his son John, that if he will sort over ten bushels of potatoes, feed the stock, repair the fence and reshingle the corn-crib, he may have the rest of the day to go rabbit-hunting.—*Detroit Free Press.*

THE SAN FRANCISCO WATER PROBLEM.

Apropos of the propositions mentioned in the telegrams for supplying San Francisco with water, the following general outline of a plan long talked of for supplying that city from Clear lake, and which we take from the *Chronicle* will be interesting:

The water of Clear lake will be raised six feet by building a dam thirty-nine feet high across Cache creek, five miles from its source, where the stream turns abruptly into a deep mountain gorge and passes on to the fertile valleys below. The construction of the proposed work for supplying the city with water begins at this dam, where the water taken from the lake would be drawn into a canal, having a grade of 6.43 feet per mile, and flow 1,100 feet to a tunnel 29 miles in length, thence down the bed of Soda creek, 115 miles, to a point where it will be again diverted into a canal, extending 11.31 miles, to where its contents would be discharged into Coyote valley reservoir. Within this distance are siphons, 679 feet in length, and a tunnel 948 feet in length. The latter would pierce Eagle Eyrie and connect with the canal resumed, which last would empty its water into a reservoir at Coyote valley. This reservoir is admirably located, as it commands an elevation of 1,015 feet above city base, with an approximate area of 10½ square miles and a storage capacity of 52,000,000,000 gallons; to this add the available supply of 102,584,000,000 gallons from Clear lake, to draw upon when necessary, and the quantity aggregates 154,584,000,000 gallons, which represents the annual quantity of water utilized and stored, less the evaporation and absorption of those two immense bodies of water—a quantity sufficient, during a perfect drouth (considered as an extreme case) and without being replenished, to supply San Francisco with 100,000,000 gallons daily during a period of some three years. It might be a longer or a shorter time, as the elements of absorption and evaporation, influenced by uninterrupted drouth, are involved, which render computation, in the absence of statistical data, difficult.

In California, however, partial, not perfect drouth should be considered, and a plentiful supply for that contingency only provided for; in that respect it is safe to say that these sources would be for city purposes, even for a population of 1,000,000, practically inexhaustible. The Coyote reservoir would be formed by building two dams, one across Putas creek canyon and one across Willow slough, respectively one hundred and five feet and eighty-four feet high. This reservoir would derive its supply in part from the Clear lake and in part from the water-shed embracing St. Helena and Cobb mountains, having an area approximately of 124 square miles, with an annual average rainfall of 13.32 inches, which area and rainfall constitutes the prolific source of Putas creek, a formidable mountain stream, from whence would be collected 67,380,000,000 gallons annually, fifty per cent. utilization of which would represent 33,690,000,000 gallons reservoir storage for the supply of the city; the deficiency, if any in quantity, would be drawn from Clear lake, a constantly replenishing source. The chief object in mingling the water from these sources in Coyote reservoir, would be to effect purification by the process of dilution and precipitation, and thereby remove the prejudice against Clear lake alone as a source of supply. In this connection the eradication of the tule growth from the lake, by dredging, would also improve the quality and taste of the water.

The reservoir at its southerly extremity would be tapped by a tunnel 1.67 miles long, passing through a ridge, from whence the water would flow into a canal extending along Butte canyon 4.95 miles to a divide between that canyon and Pope valley. Intermediate on this line a siphon 1,232 feet in length would convey the water under the north fork of Butte creek, and another siphon 1,774 feet in length would further conduct the water under the main Butte creek. Continuing the supply line the above mentioned divide would be pierced by a tunnel 2,794 feet in length, conveying the water into the canal resumed in Pope valley; thence along the northerly slope of the valley the canal would terminate and discharge its contents into head-works, with which the pipe line or conduit, 64 inches in diameter, and extending 87.36 miles to the city, would be connected. From the initial point of the conduit, 890 feet above city base, it would extend to Chiles' valley and canyon, 6.5 miles to a divide, through which it would pass in a tunnel 3.1 miles in length; to Yountville and along the Napa Valley Railroad to North Vallejo; thence to Dillon's Point, a distance of 42.06 miles.

From the last named place the conduit would pass under Carquines straits, following the curvature of the bottom 2,800 feet to the opposite shore; thence along and over the adjacent heights two and one-tenth miles to Carquines reservoir, where it would deliver, for the present 50,000,000 gallons of water daily. Provision would be made for attaching another conduit to this reservoir, to deliver a daily quantity of water for the coming decade, or when the wants of the population greater than 500,000 would demand it. This reservoir would be formed by building a dam 194 feet high across the valley of one of the tributaries of Rodeo creek, having an elevation of 120 feet above city base, and a capacity of 504,555,000 gallons. From the reservoir the conduit would extend along the southerly slopes and valleys to the San Pablo road; thence to Peralta street in the city of Oakland; thence to Railroad avenue; thence to Oakland Point; thence passing under the Bay of San Francisco 26,328 feet, would emerge from the water and enter the city at the intersection of South and Water Front streets, in Mission Bay; thence along South street to Center street; thence along Center street to Market street, and along Market to Seventeenth street, and thence to the Rock Creek reservoir. The terminus of this and the Blue Lakes conduit, distant 32.22 miles from Carquines reservoir, and 87.36 miles from the initial point of the conduit, making the total line of works from Clear lake to San Francisco 126.24 miles.

Aggregate length of canal and conduit, 127.26 miles, comprising: Canal, 22.40 miles; natural channels, 8.14; 18 flumes of wood, 4,431 feet or .65; 6 tunnels, 8.01; 4 siphons, 4,635 feet or .69; conduit, 87.33;—total, 127.23 miles. Of the latter, 26,328 feet would be submerged under the bay of San Francisco, and 2,800 feet under the Straits of Carquines, both subject to the action of salt water.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

The locality is St. Louis, and two bloodthirsty, but prudent, journalists are the heroes. One of them is Stilson Hutchins, political hack, chronic officeholder, and editor of the *Times* and the *Dispatch*, and the other is Hyde, professional exposer of Rings and editor of the *Republican*. The two have been pouring gallons of printer's ink on each other, but have contented themselves with blackening characters without blackening eyes. When the quarrel had progressed thus far, an unlovely woman appeared on the scene. She is Hutchins' friend, and the non-valorous H. doubtless hopes he may be saved from such friends hereafter. For she goaded him on to write a challenge addressed to Hyde. He extorted a solemn promise that it shouldn't be sent, but this perfidious female forthwith handed it over to an ex-Confederate, one Shelby. Shelby is a general, of course. The private soldiers of the C. S. A. are supposed to have all perished on the bloody field. There are no survivors below the rank of colonel, so far as heard from. The general promptly carried the note to Hyde. Hutchins, as soon as he recovered from his fainting-fit caused by horror and fright, dispatched a friend to tell Hyde not to do anything about the matter, because the delivery of the message was an entire mistake. Meanwhile, however, Hyde arrayed himself with weapons until he looked like the twin-brother of the Rock Island Arsenal, and sent an invitation to his enemy to come on. The affair was still more complicated by the holy wrath of Shelby, when he learned that his principal had tried to escape the ordeal of the duello. The general now considers it his duty to whip Hutchins and fight Hyde. The former is reported as believing that his health demands rest and relaxation—outside of St. Louis. He fears, however, that the daily train from that city may be intercepted by his foes, and there really is not room under a car-seat for a man of average size to hide himself. He does not wish to tread paths of glory which lead but to the grave. Gore and *gloire* may be about the same thing for a crazy Frenchman, but not for Hutchins.

The champions probably will not meet. Each of them is attended by a body-guard of reporters, who indulge in the wild hope that something is actually going to happen in St. Louis; but they wait and watch in vain. Still, there is no telling. So far, the nominal combatants have always run different ways as soon as they heard of each other's approach. Some day, they may run the same way—by mistake, of course—and meet. Then, if Hutchins knows his feminine friend is looking at him, and that Shelby, with uplifted cane, looms in the distance, he may fight. His friends deny that his courage, like Bob Acres', is oozing out of his fingers' ends, and his enemies explain that this is because he had no courage to start with.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT OF THE COAL STRIKES.

A Philadelphia *Times* correspondent at Pottsville, under date of April 4th, makes the following report of an interview with the president of the national organization of coal miners:

Yesterday I had a lengthy interview with Mr. John Siney, the president of the national organization of coal miners. He is a bright, clear-headed man, and does not allow his natural sympathy with the hewers of coal to so bias his mind as to make him unjust to the operators. He told me that to a great extent he favored the existence of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, as he recognized and acknowledged the fact that it gave employment and food to thousands in prosperous times. He, in fact, would not blame Mr. Gowen (who is the best-abused man in this region) for the action he has taken, as he regards him simply in the light of an agent working for the best interests of his employers. But Siney deplores the fact that the stock of the company is principally held by foreigners—men who are so ignorant of the topography of this country that they would not take odds in a bet that Schuylkill county was not in Nebraska, and who cannot, therefore, have the interest of the region at all at heart, except from selfish motives.

"The Englishmen lay back, sip port wine and laugh and grow fat over our troubles. They are far distant from the men whose brains and muscles they glean fortunes from, and, while using us, they sneer at us," said Mr. Siney, and then he added: "You cannot expect men who work in the mines to be courteous Chesterfields; they take the nature of the mineral they delve—they are rough, hard, dirty, yet very valuable. Under many a drift-laborer's serge shirt beats as warm and honest a heart as ever pulsed beneath the cambric, bestudded, pleated breast-covering of the most highly respected plutocrat or monarch."

"Mr. Siney," I said, "what do you consider will be the ultimate result of this present difficulty between the operators and the men?"

"I cannot tell you, for I do not know," he replied. "It is pull devil pull baker; both sides are very determined not to succumb, and both sides are under certain misapprehensions. Neither the officers of the company nor the miners are as black as they have been painted."

HOW SAM WARD "MANIPULATED" CHARLES SUMNER.

A reminiscence connected with Welcker's comes to mind, illustrating the sort of work the beautiful rooms have seen. A measure, full of iniquity as it was of money, had passed the House, and made its appearance in the Senate, towards the close of a busy session. The sufferers were collected at Welcker's the night before the last day, and were full of trouble. If some other measure could be gotten up to occupy the time it would save them. But no, the appropriation bills were to be passed yet, and nothing could be got up that would provoke discussion.

"Gentlemen," said Uncle Sam Ward, one of the afflicted, "I believe I can save you;" and sitting down, he wrote to the Hon. Charles Sumner:

"*My Dear Sumner:* You will forgive an intrusion that in others would be an impertinence, but from a life-long friend and admirer, you will take it kindly, I know. I am now but from Boston and New York. In both places I have been pained to hear unjust criticisms upon your course. You have taken no part in the affairs of the country during this session, and this is attributed to your growing indifference to the grave affairs of Government by some, and by others to your loss of influence. A few hours remain. I trust they may not be lost to you, to your country and to your friends. Among these I have the honor to subscribe myself, ever, SAM WARD."

There was no answer to this note, other than the appearance, next morning, of the eloquent Charles, armed with a pile of documents. He took the floor and drove the anxious Senate wild with disgust by an elaborate argument. The appropriations got through by a shave, but the obnoxious measure was not voted on. A fee of $10,000 was but a poor recompense for this bit of diplomacy.—*Washington Capital.*

UNCIVIL RIGHTS.—An amusing incident occurred the other day: Mrs. General Gordon, the charming widow of Senator Gordon of Georgia, was sitting with Mrs. Eaton, the wife of the new Senator from Connecticut. By birth and education, Mrs. Gordon is an aristocrat, brought up with as strong prejudices against social equality with blacks as any one could be. Of Mrs. Eaton's early years we know nothing. Turning her head, Mrs. Gordon saw Fred Douglas in the gallery, quite near her. Thinking Mrs. Eaton would like to see so celebrated a man, she said to her: "Fred Douglas is sitting directly behind you!" "Good gracious! you can't mean it! here! in the Senators' gallery?" responded the horrified Connecticut lady. "Why not?" laughed Mrs. Gordon. "He has a right here now!" "I don't care if he has; *I* won't sit here with a *nigger* anyway. Let's go!" But Mrs. Gordon was interested in the debate; so the irate Northern woman swept her flounces past Fred Douglas with an angry swish, and the Southern lady sat severely still.—*Washington Letter.*

AN IRISH FUNERAL.—A characteristic scene at an Irish funeral is recorded in a Central news telegram. It appears that at the funeral of one Mrs. Rose Gollaghar, of Mullabawn, near Forkhill, Newry, a quarrel broke out as to the property the deceased had left. On the way to the graveyard the coffin was laid down, and the relatives fought for the cows and the pigs. Several of the parties received severe injuries. After the fight the coffin was lifted and carried a little further; but before the graveyard could be reached another fight took place. The women's dresses were torn to pieces, and the melee was altogether so disgraceful that the corpse had to be buried without any religious ceremony.

The Immigration Society have received assurance from Mr. G. A. Meigs that his vessels, plying between San Francisco and the Sound, will carry cabin passengers for $15 apiece, and that liberal terms will be extended to families.

OREGON.

Salem had a grand runaway and smash-up of a buggy team on Tuesday.

About 250 Harrisburgers visited Corvallis last Monday as an excursion party.

A gold nugget worth $119 was found recently in a placer claim near Baker City.

The Champions of the Red Cross at Salem threw down the orthographical gauntlet and the Good Templars took it up.

The Government snag puller is at Harrisburg, and will commence operations at once, although the workmen say the water is too high yet.

Charles Roebuck, who went from Multnomah county to the penitentiary two or three years ago, is just discharged, and the first we hear of him he is in jail at Salem.

A letter from Harrisburg to the *Record* says: The excursionists who went down to Corvallis on the 26th say they enjoyed themselves hugely. The boat left Corvallis at 2 o'clock and arrived at Harrisburg at 9:30 o'clock at night.

The *Statesman* says: "Some time ago, members of the medical faculty of Willamette University addressed a letter to Governor Grover offering to perform all the offices of penitentiary physician for a merely nominal sum—$300 a year."

Some of the farmers about Harrisburg have got done sowing wheat, but there are others who will not be able to finish sowing all they intend to, on account of the season being so late. Feed is scarce and some farmers are working their teams on grass.

A ball given by the Odd Fellows at Silverton on the 26th, was one of the most successful affairs ever given in that village, and much credit is due the floor managers, J. W. Greenwood, F. M. Woosley and Chas. Briggs for the way they managed the matter.

THE TERRITORIES.

A clam cannery near Seattle, has a capacity of 100 dozen cans per day.

The Renton mine stopped operations two days last week, on account of the bunkers being full and the steamer *Addie* not [illegible] her regular trips.

A special term of the district court [illegible] third judicial district, Judge Lewis presiding, commenced at 11 o'clock Monday, the [illegible] inst., at Port Townsend.

General G. W. Cass, the recently appointed receiver of the N. P. R. R., with a large party of directors of the road, leave for this coast on or about the 15th proximo.

The Seattle *Dispatch* says: "The fleet of five large vessels, now in the harbor, will all load with coal for San Francisco, four with Seattle C. & T. Co.'s coal and one with Renton coal."

They are going to have a grand time at Port Townsend on the 1st of May. Foot races, by boys and girls ($100 prize to the winner) sack race, wheel race, greased pole and [illegible] are some of the amusements selected [illegible] occasion.

On last Saturday afternoon [illegible] Wood was boat-riding in the vicinity of [illegible]coma Hall, *Olympia*, and while engaged in taking the soundings of the bay, she lost her balance and fell into about twenty feet of water, but being a good swimmer she escaped with only a thorough wetting.

A panther was brought into Port Townsend last week by Mr. Samuel Strange, which met its death by indulging too freely in the masticating of muttoned tinctured with strychnine. The carcass upon which he feasted constituted the fourth victim to his rapacity. He measured, from his nose to the tip of his tail, about six feet.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The ship *Garza*, wrecked sometime since, was sold at Victoria last Monday, for $3,[illegible]

Two insane persons were brought down from Cariboo to Victoria one day last week.

The steamers plying between San Francisco and Victoria have full freights on the [illegible] trip.

The *Colonist* says the Admiralty are ab[illegible] construct on Cole Island, Esquimalt, [illegible] brick magazine for the storage of pow[illegible]

The British Columbia Parliament, 1st Parliament, 4th session, was prorogued by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, after a session of 53 days, on Thursday, April 22d.

At Lake La Hache a little boy, aged about four years, son of Mr. Wm. Roper, while playing in front of his father's house, fell into a creek and was drowned. The body was recovered.

Great activity in building is visible in Victoria. Several buildings for stores and residences have been commenced, and many others are projected. It is estimated that at least fifty buildings of a very substantial character will be made this year. This estimate includes the Reformed Episcopal church building and the High school.

Mr. James Richardson, of the Canadian Geological Survey, has arrived at Victoria overland, 21 days from Montreal, via railway to Sacramento—thence the usual route to Victoria. He is commissioned by the Canadian Government to make a collection of minerals, cereals, woods, plants, and other of the products for which British Columbia is famous, and which are to be forwarded for exhibition at the forthcoming Centennial of the United States to be held at Philadelphia next year.

A letter from Alkali Lake, dated April [illegible]th, says: "Amador Torres leaves here to-day with 152 head of fat steers that he purchased of S. L. C. Brown for the Cassiar mines. Wm. Welsh and Gualupi start by the 1st of May with 150 head of good beef steers for the same market. Some ten miners will accompany these cattle drovers and assist in improving the trail. They all go well armed, and say that if the government does not give them protection against the Indians at Skeena, they, one and all, are determined to protect themselves."

Disastrous floods have occurred along the line of the wagon road between Quesnel and Bonaparte, owing to the sudden change of weather, the consequent melting of snow in the mountains, and the breaking away of an ice-gorge high up on Fraser river. The ice-wall as it came down the river was fully thirty feet high, overtopping the banks in many places. At the old steamboat landing the gorge struck the steamer *Victoria*, lying on the bank in winter quarters, forcing her off the ways, but did not inflict much injury to the boat. At Soda Creek a large warehouse, containing 80,000 pounds of flour, was swept off, with 40,000 pounds of the flour. The bridge at Australian ranch is gone, and other bridges are afloat. Bonaparte river is higher than has been known here since the settlement of the country by whites. The flood has carried away every bridge across the Bonaparte, including the one at Cache Creek House, and overflowed all the ranches in the river bottom. The wagon road is cut away in many places and is overflowed in several places to a depth of eight feet. The stage stable at Cache creek is swept off, the feed and horses being saved. The stages have to leave the road in many places and seek a passage through the valleys back of the mountains. The roads and bridges have suffered severely, and at least $50,000 will be required to repair the damage. This heavy expenditure the country can ill afford at the present moment, when her resources are already strained to their utmost and the bank account of the province is on the wrong side of the ledger by about $350,000.

A SPELLING FROLIC.—The Baltimore *American* says: "Out West they are turning the spelling matches into fun. A huge affair of the kind in Cincinnati, the other night, was nothing more than a lot of grown folks playing school. Some of the solid men in business and politics first came out as the infants' class, and were put through their paces on monosyllabic words. One of the 'boys' brought a monstrous kite to school along with him, and w[illegible] reprimanded. Between attacks on [illegible] mentary speller the class refreshed [illegible] and startled the audience with a [illegible] rendering of the antique ballad con[illegible] the adventures of Mary's lamb. One [illegible]ty boy was detected in the possession [illegible] unlawful apple, and when the pedagogue pocketed it the household of people [illegible]ed by their perceptible laughter to [illegible]nize the action as a rather neat [illegible] habit of the average Cincinnati schoo[illegible]ter in the confiscation of contraband property. Some of the big boys and girls [illegible] liberties with Webster that would have made Josh Billings open his eyes with wonder. One of the most [illegible] dents of the evening [illegible] tentional fun was [illegible] commenced in [illegible] opened with [illegible] after another [illegible] thograp[illegible] best dozen [illegible] was given. [illegible] ordinary in the [illegible] of the word, but every one of the twelve was vanquished by it. They spelt all [illegible] failed to hit the right letters, [illegible] for the dictionary was [illegible]

THE IMPEACHMENT OF CLINTON

NEW ORLEANS [illegible] majority report of the [illegible] on elections and qualifications [illegible] the conservative members from [illegible] Orleans and St. Martin parishes entitled to seats now occupied by their opponents, was adopted by 61 ayes to 32 noes.

Before the above action the House the Senate had adjourned [illegible]. Before adjourning, however [illegible] was introduced unseating G[illegible] zier.

Mr. Lowell [illegible] committee to examine [illegible] submitted a re[illegible] that upon [illegible] them and in virtue [illegible] duties imposed upon them [illegible] the State under which they were appointed, they are of the opinion that Charles Clinton, the auditor of public accounts [illegible] be impeached for high crimes [illegible] therefore recommend [illegible] the adoption of the following [illegible]

[illegible] That Charles Clinton, auditor of public accounts of the State of Louisiana, be impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors [illegible]

A CHICAGO ELECTION

[illegible] of April 7th we [illegible]

[illegible] yesterday at the [illegible] that is to say, [illegible] custom as established [illegible] elections in this city. There were the same mobs of thieves, gamblers, [illegible] assembled at the [illegible] meetings to determine the tax levy [illegible] ensuing year for town purposes, [illegible] absence of tax-payers and [illegible] was noticeable as usual. At the polls there was no pretense of legal [illegible] and repeating was an understood [illegible] of the day. The candidate who spent the most money and put it where it would do the most good secured the [illegible] number of votes. Personal qualifications and [illegible] were not taken into account, and [illegible] who the successful office-seekers were [illegible] staying away from the polls and [illegible] interest in town elections, tax-payers tacitly express their cheerful assent to [illegible] and they are, therefore, not entitled to any great amount of sympathy.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. | E. C. LORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter
Old BOURBON WHISKY
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
[illegible] Jackson St., San Francisco
And 23 Front Street, Portland, Or.

OYSTERS.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON
K[illegible] WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST [illegible] prepared to attend [illegible] will be kept only on First [illegible] would respectfully inform [illegible] the public generally that he has [illegible] to get FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS expressly selected for him twice a week [illegible] EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.
A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to [illegible] themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.
WM. WALLER.
Oak street, 2d door [illegible]

SMITH BROS.' IRON WORKS,
First Street, bet. Salmon and Main,
Machinery, Iron & Brass Castings, Forgings and Patterns.
ON HAND FOR SALE.
1 ENGINE 8x16 inc[illegible] nearly new.
1 do 6x13 [illegible] in good order.
1 do 10x24 [illegible]
1 PORTABLE ENGINE and [illegible] with Drum and Gearing for Pile-driving.
1 Steam ROCK DRILL, in good order.
New and second-hand Wood [illegible] Borers and Pickering Engine Regulators.

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. | EDW. CHATTIN, Commissioner [illegible]
KING & CHATTIN,
(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)
Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds
For all the States and Territories
CONVEYANCERS,
REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS
Office 112 California St., San Francisco, California.
Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions. d19d6m1pw6m

NOTICE!
IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL SELL BY order of the Court, at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, MAY 1st, at 10 A. M., On J. D. Whiting's place, near Beaverton Store, Washington County,
Five Hundred Bushels Onions
More or Less,
For cash in hand in U. S. Coin.
a27d4t R. EVERDING, Receiver.

5,000 ONE POUND
STRAWBERRY BOXES,
For sale at
Portland Box Factory,
a13d1m HARLOW & CO.

GYMNASIUM OPEN!
THE TURN VEREIN SOCIETY announce that their GYMNASIUM is now open for the reception of Pupils. a22d1m

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1875.

MORE FRAUDS UNEARTHED.

Boss Lord of the New York canal ring does not propose to go down without company. On his motion in the State Senate the legislative committee appointed to investigate the canal frauds were instructed to extend their inquiries to the subject of port charges at the ends of the canals, and it is reported that one result of this is likely to be the disclosure of overcharges at New York and Buffalo to the aggregate amount of $5,000,000 annually. It is asserted that notwithstanding the Legislature has for some years past been reducing the rates of canal transportation on grains from the west, the farmers in whose interest the reductions have been made, had received no benefit therefrom, the charges at Buffalo and New York for elevating, dockage, etc., having been increased at about the same rate with the decrease of charges for actual transportation. The resolution to include this investigation in the duties of the committee was opposed by some of the leading prosecutors of the canal ring, on the ground that it would so burden the committee as to preclude a report during the session, but it received the unanimous support of the ring members and enough of others to pass it; and thereupon the anti-ring people, accepting the situation, redoubled their diligence in pushing forward the investigation, and as a consequence it appears altogether probable that several houses besides those of the contractors will tumble about the heads of their occupants. When Governor Tilden made his assault upon the contractors' ring there was great consternation among its members, while the people at the ends of the canal looked on with cheerful indifference. But now the consternation has extended to all classes, and they too are crying for the rocks and mountains to fall on them and hide them and their ill-gotten gains.

A PROPER COMPROMISE.

The New York canal ring hoped to avoid prosecutions civil and criminal and the loss of their stolen fortunes, by patching up some sort of an arrangement with Governor Tilden. To this end they sent one or two of their friends to sound the Governor on the subject. But the reports brought back by these emissaries were not encouraging. They said the Governor was not of a compromising turn of mind, and that nothing could be accomplished in that direction. This got out and came to be common talk on the streets, which displeased the Governor, who does not wish to have it understood that he is an unreasonable person, and he has taken occasion to define his position to several gentlemen. He says it is not true that he is unwilling to compromise; that, on the contrary, he should be very glad to compromise with the ring, so as to close up the ranks of the great and glorious party of unchanging principles, of which he is a leading, but just now rather refractory, member. And he even goes so far as to propose liberal terms on which the "unpleasantness" might be adjusted. He is willing to compromise on three conditions. The first is that all the legislation proposed in his message against the fraudulent administration of the canal department be allowed to pass; the second, that all moneys which the investigation shall show to have been stolen by canal contractors shall be refunded to the State; and the third, which is more of a concession than a condition, that to those of the ring who may be sent to the Penitentiary, a deduction of 20 per cent from their term of service "on account of good behavior" shall be allowed. As evidence of the unreasonableness of the ring, it is worthy to remark that not one of them has signified his willingness to compromise on these terms.

THE PER CENT. OF GAIN FROM HOME MANUFACTURES TO REAL ESTATE.

Fifth Article.

In adducing their value to our home markets, special reference was made to the greater demand for food, clothing and household comforts and conveniences. But the home demand for the raw material to manufacture, viz., our cereals, wool, flax, lumber, iron, stone and brick, add a large per cent. to these articles. The reflex effect is to add value to the farms and woodlands, and mineral beds. Before the iron was found in the Prosser claim, near Oswego, the land had only the common value of woody and hilly farms. Since the discovery a portion of the mine has been sold for $10,000. Stop the iron furnace there, and the mine will be as worthless as ever before. Land near the markets of Salem and Portland has risen from $10 to $150 per acre. Increase the home market by a manufacturing population, and the same property will continue to rise, and lands beyond will appreciate in value in a steady ratio, while lots and blocks within such a town will be in steady demand, at what may now be considered speculative prices. In a word, a capitalist can add a very large per cent. to his real estate by *investing his money in the labor of artizans and in using manufacturing power.* Suppose he gains only 6 per cent.—New England legal interest—directly on his money, by establishing a boot and shoe factory in Portland, costing say $50,000; he may safely estimate one or two per cent. of gain in the increased *business activity* of the community. He will have another per cent. of gain in the increase of industrial interests—in putting idle hands to work, reducing poverty and vice, and turning money oftener, and in readier payments. His cash will go round through many hands, and in part return to himself, while still drawing its regular interest. He will gain a per cent. with others in better and surer home markets. His town lots will rise steadily in value and command good prices every year. Panics may come, but real estate in manufacturing villages and cities keeps up at almost unchanged rates.

Moline, Illinois, referred to in previous articles, was purchased at about farm prices about the year 1840. Its only advantage was a water power, which could not be used with much profit till the United States government made Rock Island their armory and built a dam 2,400 feet long from the Illinois shore to the island. With the growth of their manufactures real estate has risen in that city from 50 per cent. to 100 per cent., and yet they have hardly begun to realize the possible values of their city lots for business and residences. Railroads have come to them almost without the asking.

Manchester, New Hampshire, was in 1840 a place of rocks and sand, fit only to dry lamper-eels and raise beans. The Merrimac river rushed down among the rocks, affording powers. Manufactories were established, and now city lots command city prices.

Lawrence, Mass., in 1843, was only a farming section of Methuen and Andover, and was bought by capitalists at about 35 per cent. above the usual rate for farms. A granite dam was laid in hydraulic cement diagonally across the Merrimac and a canal dug a mile long on the Methuen side. The city was laid out. Three manufacturing companies were organized and stock books opened; one for $1,000,000, one for $500,000 and one for about $2,000,000. The water and ground were purchased and the buildings erected; the machinery was set up and the operatives set to work. The sale of lots began at comparatively low figures. The city at the census of 1870 had 28,921 people; and property commands high city rates. The capital invested in manufacturing pays a comparatively low direct interest, but the stock was all taken—mostly in Boston—in a few days. The per cent. of gain on real estate has added largely to the value of the investment. As a sign of the industries of the county of Essex, of which Lawrence is one of the largest centers, the last census shows that Essex county had 2,821 manufacturing establishments, used 421 engines, 184 water wheels; employed 48,158 hands—30,680 males above 16, and 15,701 females above 15, and 1,777 youth. It had of capital invested $29,777,160, and paid in annual wages $21,360,153. It used of raw materials $63,203,907 and turned out of goods $96,900,868 per annum.

Such facts are true of Middlesex county, though not in equal degree. Lewiston, Maine, reveals similar results, and other cities also, like South Hadley and Fall River and Worcester, besides many smaller towns in New England.

On the other hand, those towns that have done nothing to establish manufactures, like many on the Connecticut river—as Newbury, Haverhill, Oxford, Hanover, Charleston, and scores of others in every one of those States, have been absolutely declining for the last thirty years. *It is impossible for a town, or country to thrive that exports its raw material for others to manufacture into articles of use. It is impossible for such a community to grow rich or prosperous.* Those who effect the exchanges may gain a wealth in cash, but their neighbors will be losers, and the property of the whole will decline. Railroads cannot increase wealth, if used only to transport raw products, and import all the goods we consume. The mercantile business is essential, as it is honorable, but its noblest service is in exchanging the products and fabrics of the labor and skill of a people.

A curious outgrowth of the Temperance Crusade in Ohio, says the *N. Y. Tribune*, is a law which passed the legislature of that State at its recent session. The local governments of the State are forbidden by the Constitution to license the sale of liquor. They may prohibit it entirely, but they cannot license it. The bill just passed forbids the local governments to prohibit the sale of wine, cider and beer, thus making the perfectly just distinction between spirituous and fermented liquors. Thus, from an agitation in favor of total abstinence comes a very sensible law in favor of temperance, which is likely to do a much more lasting good.

Judge Edwards Pierrepont, of New York, whom the President has named as the successor of Judge Williams in the office of Attorney-General of the United States, bears the name of a fine lawyer and, we believe also, of a man of good personal character. His appointment is much more creditable to the administration than would have been the selection of Ben. Butler, though the latter would probably have been regarded generally as the more fit man to be Attorney-General under President Grant.

Judging from appearances, the San Francisco *Call* is decidedly the most prosperous newspaper on the Pacific coast. Its columns closely set with compact advertisements give it much the general look of a New York City journal. We are glad to see such evidences of prosperity on the part of so good a paper.

The *Christian Union* takes sides with those who insist on prohibiting the reading of the Bible in the public schools, professing to see no other way by which the American ideal of purely unsectarian public schools is attainable.

The latest phase of the Tichborne case is a suit for £500,000 damages, by the claimant against Mr. Murray, clerk in the Petty Bag office, Queen's bench, for failing to grant a writ of error in the case.

John Harper, senior member of the firm of Harper Brothers, of New York, died on the 22d instant, after a protracted illness. He was in his 79th year.

BORN.

In Eugene City, April 19, to the wife of Charles Baker, a son.

NEW TO-DAY.

CROQUET SETS, VARIOUS STYLES, AND BABY CARRIAGES are at Ackerman's Dollar Store.

Hamburgh Edgings, On Swiss Peque and Cambric, for sale at 107 Third st., by JOHN WILSON.

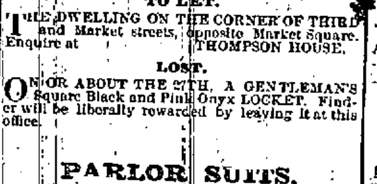
TO LET.

THE DWELLING ON THE CORNER OF THIRD and Market streets, opposite Market Square. Enquire at THOMPSON HOUSE.

LOST.

ON OR ABOUT THE 27TH, A GENTLEMAN'S Square Black and Pink Onyx LOCKET. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

PARLOR SUITS.



In Silk, Terry, Reps, Plush and hair cloth made in the most thorough manner by the

OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

Received direct from New York

A LARGE INVOICE OF

FURNITURE CHINTZ!

Which for Brilliancy of Color and Beauty of Style,

Are Unequaled in this Market.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

PAPER BAGS ALL SIZES—A SPECIALTY AT THE AGENCY OF CLACKAMAS MILLS, 72 Front street.

E. L. EASTHAM,

Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

NEW TO-DAY.

Special Auction Sale of Coral,

FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1875, At 10 o'clock.

The Largest and Finest Collection of

Bowl and Branch Coral

ever brought to the coast—direct from the South Sea Islands, will be sold at Auction at my Salesroom on Friday.

All persons desirous of obtaining rare Specimens of Red, Pink and Yellow Coral should not fail to attend.

Also, a lot of very large

BIVALVULAR SHELLS!

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

VARNISHES,

OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUfacture—

A FULL SUPPLY.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

Ordinance No. 1620.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIAtion out of the Police Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The sum of one hundred dollars and five cents is hereby appropriated out of the Police Fund in favor of J. H. Lappeus, Chief of Police, the same being one third of fees in State cases collected and paid into the Treasury for the quarter ending March 31, 1875.

Section 2. The Auditor is hereby directed to draw a warrant for the above named amount in favor of J. H. Lappeus, Chief of Police.

Passed the Common Council April 21, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 24, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1622.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR LIGHTing the Street Oil Lamps and keeping the same in order.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized and directed to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder for furnishing oil, wicks, burners and chimneys, and keeping in order the Street Oil Lamps for the term of one year, subject to the following conditions:

The number of lamps required to be lighted under such contract shall not at any time be reduced to a less number than one hundred, but the Council may at any time reduce the number of lamps to be lighted under said contract to that number.

All the oil lamps now erected or to be erected during the year, and required to be lighted under such contract shall be put in good order with proper burners, and other necessary fixtures, before being placed in the hands of the contractor.

The contractor to furnish a good quality of coal oil or kerosene, and from time to time, as may be required, replace all chimneys, burners, etc., with articles of the same size and quality.

He shall keep the fountains and all connected therewith in good repair, and keep clean the fountains, lanterns, burners and posts.

He shall light and keep lit with a good and sufficient light, all of said lamps during the hours specified in a calendar to be prepared and kept in the Auditor's office, the aggregate number of hours of which shall not exceed the aggregate of a calendar filed Feb. 25, 1874, for the year ending March 1, 1875, and at the expiration of his contract shall return the fountains, burners and everything connected therewith in good order and condition.

Section 2. Said contract shall contain a provision to the effect that for any failure to light or keep lit any lamp or lamps in said contract during any of the hours specified in said list, caused by the negligence or the carelessness of the contractor, he shall forfeit pay therefor, and an additional sum equal to one-tenth of the monthly contract price for lighting such lamp for each and every night of such failure.

Also to provide for canceling such contract upon the failure of the contractor to furnish a good and satisfactory light.

Section 3. He shall give a good and sufficient bond in the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his contract.

Passed the Common Council April 21, 1875.

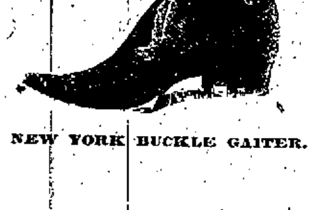
W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 21, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

PACIFIC BOOT & SHOE HOUSE.

HANAN & REDISH'S



NEW YORK BUCKLE GAITER.

52 different Spring and Summer Styles of

Gents' Shoes and Gaiters

Have arrived per steamer Oriflamme direct from New York and Philadelphia, at PACIFIC BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE, at their New Store.

GEO. A. PEASE & CO.,

77 First Street, Dekum's Building.

FOR HONOLULU—Direct.

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARKENTINE

JANE A. FALKINBURG,

J. A. BROWN.......................Master

Will have quick dispatch. For Freight or Passage apply to

a28d2w ALLEN & LEWIS, Ag'ts.

FOR TILLAMOOK!

THE SCHOONER

KATIE L. HERON,

Will commence taking Freight on TUESDAY, April 27th.

EVERDING & FARRELL, Ag'ts, Foot of Alder st.

For Eugene City!

The Steamer OHIO will leave Pacific Dock, Portland, for EUGENE CITY and all Way Ports, on THURSDAY, May 6th, at 5 A. M. Freight reasonable. For further information apply on board, or to

M. O. LOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

U. B. SCOTT, Master.

Miss Gertrud Wagner.

MUSIC TEACHER,

WHO HAS BEEN ABSENT FROM THIS CITY for some time, during which she was teaching at the College, in Albany, has returned, and is prepared to receive her old scholars, as also new ones, at her Residence, A street, between Third and Fourth, near Skating Rink. ap20 1m

PORTLAND CEMENT.

180 BBLS. "WHITE BROS'," PORTLAND CEMENT, ex bark *Clyton*, just arrived from England. Also LIME and PLASTER. For sale by

ap17-1m GEO. ABERNETHY, 2d street, bet. Taylor and Salmon.

PACIFIC CANDY MANUFACTORY

45 First Street.

A. E. MILLER & CO.

Ice Cream, Soda and Oysters, in Season.

FOR SALE!

THREE BRUNSWICK CAROM BILLIARD TABLES, nearly new, first class; all fixtures complete. Enquire at W. S. NEWBURY'S Law office, Monnastes' Building, First street, Portland, Or.

CHINOOK SALMON

Received fresh daily. Orders from a distance should be sent two days in advance of time needed, to secure fresh Fish. Prices the lowest, as they are from my own fisheries.

a20-d1w&w1m JAMES QUINN, Washington St., Portland.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

GRAND OPENING

AT

THE WHITE HOUSE

OF

SPRING NOVELTIES!

WE HAVE THE PLEASURE TO ANnounce that we have now on exhibition

FOR THE

SPRING AND SUMMER SEASON,

NEW SILKS,

IN ALL THE DESIRABLE SHADES.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of Several New Varieties.

THE VERY LATEST STYLES OF

PARISIAN SUITS

Direct from the Most Fashionable Houses.

TO OUR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

We make Special Announcement that on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

APRIL 1st, 2d and 3d,

WE SHALL HAVE

OUR GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING MILLINERY GOODS,

On which occasion we shall Display the

VERY LATEST STYLES OF

FRENCH HATS AND BONNETS.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,

No. 87 First Street.

CARPETS!

PRICES REDUCED!

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Body Brussels;

Tapestry Brussels

Three-Ply;

Extra Supers;

Superfine;

All-Wool Ingrains;

Cotton Chains and Hemps of All Qualities,

AT

WALTER BROS.,

Nos. 92 and 94 First Street.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

HOMES FOR SALE

STRANGER, IF YOU MEAN "BIZ," HAVE A little money and are on the work, we're the identical chaps you have traveled the "plains across" to see. When you say "Home" you strike our strong weakness. Right here, within the sound of the church bells, we have good land for from $25 to $100 per acre. Remember this is within 3 or 4 miles of the Metropolis of Oregon, where people wear store clothes, observe the Sabbath, ride on steamboats and railroads, have spelling schools, with a soil and climate not excelled for vegetables, fruits, cereals, hops, and "inguns;" with a cash market, and no fear of drought, curculio, grasshoppers or crickets; no "spanish grants" to rob you; where we have telegraphic communication with Europe, Asia, Africa and Plymouth Church; where ministers don't have to take summer vacations, for we've got a Brooklyn of our own; and where a Real Estate Agent is given a "wide berth." Yes, if this suits you, and you want to raise fruits and vegetables, and chickens, and make butter, and WORK, we can fill the bill. True, they are in the rough; but WILL, and MUSCLE, and BRAINS will make Homes of them in the fullest sense. So come right along.

DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN, Real Estate and Money Brokers.

TO FARMERS.

THREE FARMS, ALL JOINING, COMPRISING two of 100 acres each and one of 120 acres, lying on the east bank of the Willamette river, seven miles south of East Portland, either of which can be had very cheap, and on reasonable terms. They can be thrown into one farm if desired. They are level, and partly timbered. There is some bottom land on each, suitable for meadow. Also, two good springs of water which can be conducted all over the land. It is mostly open brush land, which can be very easily cleared. About 40 acres has been in cultivation on one of them. For particulars see

C. W. VAUGHN, or DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN, Retail Bankers.

a26d&A1m

SUGARS!

Ex Bark Jane A. Falkinburg, from Honolulu.

3,000 KEGS ASSORTED GRADES OF ISLAND SUGARS,

From the following Plantations

Kohala,	Chamberlain,
Haiku,	Panka,
Koloa,	Hawaiian Mill,

Superior Golden.

For sale by ALLEN & LEWIS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS!

S. L. MARSH

Has pleasure in announcing the arrival of a large shipment of NEW GOODS for the SPRING and SUMMER TRADE, all of which will be offered at Extremely Low Prices to effect a speedy clearance. In the

Dress Department,

I have a magnificent assortment of all the New Styles and Shades.

Rich Pongee Silks,
Summer Striped Silks,
Swiss Silks,
Japanese Silks,
Black Silks,
(a large variety,)
Trimming Silks.

Yeddo Poplins,
Yokohama Poplins,
Chine Cloths (Rich Lustre),
Fancy Striped Lustres.
Grenadines,
Real Mohairs,
Silk Lustres,
Pacific Poplins.

Black Cashmere,
Black Merino,
Black Tamese Cloth,
Black Biarritz Cloth,
Black Camel's Hair Cloth,
Black Satin Decbine,
Black Foulards,
Black Grenadines,
Black Empress,
Black Lustres,
Black Alpacas.

Kid Gloves,
Lisle Thread do.,
Parasols,
Ties, Collars and Cuffs,
Sashes,
Ribbons,
Lace Scarfs,
Embroideries,
Tarlatanes,
Victoria Lawns,
Swiss Muslins.

Ladies' Hosiery,
Misses' Hosiery,
Hem Stitched Hdkfs.,
Initial do.,
Linen do.,
Corsets.

Lace Curtains,
Nottingham Lace,
Bleached Sheeting,
Table Linen,
Linen Towels,
Turkish Towels,
Huck Towels,
Linen Crash.

Bed-Spreads (a large variety, cheap),

All-Wool Flannel,
Silk and Wool Flannel,
Shaker Flannel,
Canton Flannel,
Shirting Flannel,
Pressed Flannel,
Honey Comb Flannel.

American Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Linen Shirtings,
Kentucky Jeans,
Mosquito Net,
Leno Blinds,
Grass Cloth,
Batiste Cloth.

Linen Suitings,
American Prints,
English Prints,
French Prints.

French Lawns,
French Chambrays,
30 pcs Striped Lustres at 25 cts per yard,
Reduced from 50 cts.
500 Remnants, at Half Price.

S. L. MARSH,

CORNER FIRST AND STARK STS.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

AJAX.

FRED. BOLLES.......................Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1875,

At 6 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE AND SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES.......................Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875,

At 6 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at 7:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland	$2 50
Albany and Salem	2 00
Harrisburg	3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday, at 5 A. M.

FOR LEWISTON—Monday, at 5 A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomockaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR CORVALLIS and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

For ASTORIA—Steamer WILLAMETTE CHIEF—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALder Street, for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN.

Architects,

Office—Room 17 Dekum's Building.

H. W. DILG,

Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,

Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line. Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order. ds1 4m

REMOVAL.

J. CLARK,

DEALER IN SADDLERY,

And Importer of

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

Has removed from 78 to 96 Front Street, (in the Buildings recently erected,) next to the Oregon Furniture Store.

NEW STOCK!

Prices to Suit the Times.

W. H. HARRIS. SALMON BROS.

STEAM MADE ICE!

Free from all Impurities, will be delivered to any part of the city during the season, by the

PORTLAND STEAM ICE WORKS,

AT ONE CENT PER POUND.

Orders left at the manufactory on Second street, between Main and Madison, or with the driver of the wagon, will be promptly attended to.

ap17-1m HARRIS & SALMON, Proprietors.

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS, made to order, go to

J. BRADY,

No. 6 Washington Street

Repairing promptly attended to.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING. Also, choice qualities for Home Consumption, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

Manufacturing Furriers, 56 First street, between Stark and Oak. fe18d2p3m

AGENTS WANTED:

TO CANVASS FOR THE Illustrated Weekly, either in Oregon or Washington Territory. Those wishing canvassing outfits apply to J. M. FISK, Albany, Or.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES, Etc.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS. Liberal advances [illegible] consignments. To parties declining Housekeeping I will say that I will purchase Second-hand Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auct'r.

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

5 kegs Assorted LIQUORS;
20 cases CHAMPAGNE;
10 cases CLARET WINE;
50 bxs Pacific SOAP;
25 bxs Fancy TOILET SOAP;
20 cases Fresh TOMATOES;
20 " " PEACHES;
10 " French CAPERS;
10 " SAUCES;
1 case, 20 gross BLACKING;
15 bxs TOBACCO;
20 bxs Carbolic SOAP.

ALSO,

BEDROOM, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auct'r.

INSURANCE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Company,

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

Capital, $10,000,000 Gold.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

Assets, - - - $667,469 [illegible]

EDWARD HALL,

MANAGER.

Office—Front Street, bet. Washington & Alder.

THE STATE

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY,

OF [illegible]

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - - $420,[illegible]

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE [illegible]

CHAS. [illegible] Secretary.

This Company [illegible] surance [illegible] the Lowest [illegible] according to [illegible]

The undersigned [illegible] appointed Agents for the above [illegible] now [illegible] to accept applications [illegible] Policies [illegible] and Marine risks [illegible]

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

[illegible] Front Street, Portland,

General Agents [illegible] Oregon and Washington Territory.

N. B.—Agents [illegible] throughout the State and Territory.

OREGON BRANCH

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

HAMILTON BOYD, Manager.

Office, 72 First St., Portland

FIRE, MARINE AND INLAND INSURANCE

J. F. HOUGHTON.......................President.
GEO. H. HOWARD.......................Vice-President.
CHAS. R. STORY.......................Secretary.
N. B. EDDY.......................Marine Sec'y.
M. B. COX.......................Marine Dir.
H. H. BIGELOW.......................General Man.
R. H. MAGILL.......................General Agent.

GIANT POWDER.

THE UNDERSIGNED, SOLE [illegible] FOR THE GIANT POWDER CO. [illegible] always on hand,

GIANT POWDER

Nos. 1 and 2, in Cartridges of 2-inch, 1½-inch, and 3-4-inch each.

Any other size made to order.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,

a10d1m

PEARSON & STRAND,

No. 49 Front Street.

House, Sign, Carriage and Ornamental PAINTING.

Glazing, Graining, Paper Hanging, Etching, Grinding and Gilding on Glass.

Agency for Hamburg Line of Steamers to and from Europe.

Drafts on Principal Cities in Europe.

C. A. BURCHARDT

36 Washington street, south side, between Second and Third,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

SWISS CHEESE, Etc., Etc.

BILLIARD GOODS

Of all descriptions, at San Francisco prices.

SING YUCK. AH SOE.

KWONG MOW CHUNG & CO.

Alder St., bet. First and Second, Portland.

Importers and Dealers in CHINA GOODS,

TEA, RICE AND OPIUM.

CONTRACTORS FOR CHINESE LABOR.

CANYON CREEK LAUNDRY.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO GENTLEmen's Linen, Lace Curtains and Blankets. Washing called for and delivered in any part of the city. Offices—Brown's Shoemaker Shop, corner First and Morrison, Cosmopolitan Barber shop and St. Charles Hotel.

Cascades Mountain Ice!

Taken out of the clearest and purest water

ONLY ONE CENT A POUND,

Which I will deliver from this date through the whole season to any part of the city. Please give me a call, each and every one.

Leave orders at Hacheny & Stemme's, corner of First and Taylor sts.; Pfunder's Drug Store, First and Ash sts.; and at P. Horning's, No. 27 Stark st., bet. First and Second; also with the driver on the wagon. I have plenty of Ice.

J. M. G. KALLICH.

ION AND COMMISSION.

. B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales
STATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER-
CHANDISE AND HORSES.
s—Wednesday and Saturday

At Private Sale.
ment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS
advances made on Consignments.
declining Housekeeping, I will mention
urchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

lar and Peremptory Sale
OF
re, Groceries, General
Merchandise, Etc.,
TURDAY, MAY 1, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
sorted LIQUORS;
HAMPAGNE;
LARET WINE;
ific SOAP;
ncy TOILET SOAP;
esh TOMATOES;
" PEACHES;
nch CAPERS;
—— SAUCES;
gross BLACKING;
BACCO;
bolic SOAP.
ALSO,
M, DINING ROOM AND KITCH-
E.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
Auctione

INSURANCE.

ABLISHED 1809.
ritish and Mercantile
Insurance Company,
NDON AND EDINBURGH.
L, $10,000,000 Gold.

n's Fund Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
- - - $667,460 03.
WARD HALL,
MANAGER.
t Street, bet. Washington's
Alder.

THE STATE
ment & Insurance
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
AND MARINE.
rporated in 1871.
ets, - - - $420,000.
OFFICERS:
HUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice President.
LES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
y has no connection with any In-
nation; its business is transacted
ying Rates; each risk being
own merits.
ned, having been appointed Genera-
above Company, are now prepared
lications and issue Policies for the
ks at equitable rates.
A. P. HOTALING & CO.
Office—25 Front Street, Portl
for Oregon and Washington.
wanted throughout the State

GON BRANCH
HOME
INSURANCE COMPANY
TON BOYD, Manager.
First St., Portland
INE AND INLAND IN-
SURANCE.
N........President
RD........Vice President.
........Secretary.
........Marine Secretary.
........Marine Director.
........General Manager.
........General Agent.

T POWDER.
GNED, SOLE AGENTS FOR TI
WDER CO., have always on
NT POWDER
in Cartridges of 2-inch
, and 3-4-inch each.
made to order.
IES LAIDLAW & CO.,
7 First street.

ON & STRAND,
49 Front Street,
Carriage and Ornamental
AINTING.
ing, Paper Hanging, Etch-
g and Gilding on Glass.
mburg Line of Steamers
al Cities in Europe.

BURCHARDT,
street, south side, between
nd and Third,
Foreign and Domestic
AND LIQUORS,
CHEESE, Etc., Etc.
ARD GOODS
ns, at San Francisco prices.

AH SOE. AH SHUY.
OW CHUNG & CO.,
rst and Second, Portland.
Dealers in CHINA GOODS,
E AND OPIUM.
FOR CHINESE LABOR.

REEK LAUNDRY.
TENTION PAID TO GENTLE-
ce Curtains and Blankets,
and delivered in any part of
own's Shoemaker Shop, corner
Cosmopolitan Barber shop and
at6d1m

Mountain Ice!
earest and purest water, for
CENT A POUND,
r from this date through the
art of the city. Please give
ery one.
heny & Stemme's, corner of
Pfunder's Drug Store, First
., Horning's, No. 27 Stark st.,
also with the driver on the
y of Ice.
J. M. G. KALLICH.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1875.

CITY.

Arrived at Victoria.—From the Victoria *Colonist* of the 27th we learn that the steamer *California* arrived there on the evening of the 25th from Nanaimo. She brought no late news from Cassiar. The run up from Nanaimo to Fort Wrangell was made in two days, eighteen hours and thirty minutes—the quickest time on record. From Queen Charlotte Sound to Sitka and return to Queen Charlotte Sound the weather was very unsettled and quite cold, with fog, rain and snow. The steamer was compelled to lay by sixteen hours on account of snow and fog. Residents of Wrangel and Sitka complain of the severe weather experienced at both those places this spring; in fact there has been no sign of spring at either place. A heavy fall of snow occurred at Sitka on the day the *California* left there, while on the 22d, at Wrangel, nine inches of snow fell. There was no sign of the break in Stikine river giving way when the *California* left, and if the weather holds out as cold and severe as it then was, the river will not be open for some time to navigation. It was reported that Johnston, the mail carrier, who was at Wrangel, would very likely start for the river with a mail for the mines the day after the *California* left. No news from the mines. Affairs quiet at Wrangel and Sitka.

The Chief Still Claims to be Chief.—The W. R. T. Co.'s steamer *Willamette Chief* does not surrender to the *Bonita*, but claims to be able to get away with her in the matter of speed. It is reported, in support of her claim, that at the same time the *Bonita* was making her fast trip from Astoria to Portland, the *Chief* made the same trip, starting at the same time, making ten more landings than the *Bonita*, and reaching Portland just forty minutes behind her. Forty minutes is a very short allowance for ten landings, and the log-book of the *Chief* certainly indicates that she is chief yet. They will have to try it again. We trust the rivalry will not end in a *Prairie Belle* scene.

Too Thin.—The gentlemanly reporter of the *Oregonian* does deny that that the facts in connection with the case of Judge Olney's will are as stated by the *Evening Journal*, and does not accept the explanation of the latter that a most important statement of fact was not a statement of fact at all, but merely an expression of opinion. It was made as an unqualified statement of fact, and nothing was said about an opinion. That explanation has the appearance of an afterthought.

List of Jurors.—The following persons are now in attendance on the present term of the United States district court, as jurors: J. W. Cowles, D. W. Burnett, J. B. Yocum, G. L. Rowland, Wm. White, W. H. Lampson, David McCully, Isaac McCully, Benj. Vaughn, B. Wheat, Delos Jefferson, Matthew Small, Jno. B. Looney, John Hartman, John Powell, J. M. Scott, John Wilson, H. H. Crosier, Jacob [illegible].

[illegible].—Assessor Barnard desires us to state that he can be found in his office, at the court house, every day except Sunday, and he will be pleased to have property holders call on him at their earliest leisure. Blanks for statements concerning property to be handed in, and those who have been furnished with blanks should not neglect to fill them and give Mr. Barnard a call.

Weather Report.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, April 28, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	51°	73°	65°
Wind, direction	S.	N.W.	N.W.
Wind, velocity	2	6	4
Weather	Fair.	Clear.	Clear.
Mean temperature			74°

Hard to Answer.—The case of Joe Welser, who was arrested last week charged with burglarizing the saloon at the railroad ferry landing, was called in police court yesterday morning. Welser waived an examination, and was held to answer the charge before the next grand jury. In default of bonds he was committed to jail.

Steamer Ajax.—This steamer sailed from San Francisco for Portland last Saturday, but as we go to press nothing has been heard of her. She was due here on Tuesday evening. Head winds have doubtless had much to do in protracting the voyage.

[illegible].—We acknowledge the compliment of a copy of this beautiful piece of music from M. Gray, music dealer, who has [illegible] for everybody. This piece is the composition of our townsman, Mr. Charles Gray.

Arrived.—The steamer *California* arrived here last evening a quarter to 9 o'clock, from Sitka and way ports. She brought a full freight and but few passengers.

Levied on.—We are informed the rolling stock of the west side railway has been levied on by the sheriff to satisfy a judgment of W. S. Newby against the company.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

The following articles of incorporation have been drawn up, and will be filed to-day in the office of the county clerk, by the president and trustees of the Exempt Fireman's Association of the city of Portland:

Whereas, The Exempt Fireman's Association of Portland is desirous of having the [illegible] and trustees of said association, incorporated in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Oregon, now we, therefore, duly elected president and trustees of said association, do hereby, for ourselves and successors in office, enter into the following articles of incorporation:

First—The incorporation assumes the name of and shall be known as the "President and Trustees of the Exempt Fireman's Association of the city of Portland."

Second—The object of said association is for the purposes of benevolence and rendering efficient aid to the members thereof, firemen and their families, and to any persons entrusted to its care.

Third—The estimated value of the property of the association is about $200, and its revenues are derived from fees, fines, dues, donations, gifts, bequests and benefits.

Fourth—The signers of these articles are designated as the president, and as trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Association of the city of Portland. Of their successors in office the president shall be elected annually by a majority vote of the members at the annual meeting of the association on the first Monday of September of each year; and two trustees shall be elected annually at the same time and manner, who shall each hold their office for three years. Vacancies in office, occurring from any cause, shall be filled at the next meeting of the association, in the same manner as other elections are held.

Fifth—The location of said association shall be within the limits of the city of Portland.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1875.

Robert N. Jones vs O. C. R. R. Co.; application by plaintiff for commission to take testimony; argued and submitted.

Adjourned to Monday next at 10 A. M.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

Jury called and answered to their names.

United States vs John Curry. The following persons were selected and sworn: G. L. Rowland, W. H. Lampson, M. Small, J. W. Cowles, O. W. Burnett, John B. Looney, J. Zimmerman, D. McCully, J. P. Yocum, John Powell, Wm. White, Benj. Vaughn; cause argued, submitted, and a verdict of guilty as charged rendered.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 10 A. M.

BASE BALL.

This evening there will be a special meeting of the Arcadian Club at their headquarters, at 8 o'clock. Every member is expected to be present.

Says the *Record*: "College B. B. Club, being champions of Oregon, are waiting patiently for a challenge from some one of the stars." The proposition about the College Club being the champions of Oregon strikes us as decidedly transparent. Portland clubs had a piece of costly experience with the Collegers last year, and we feel assured that the latter club will have to "wait" a long time before receiving a [illegible] from this city.

BRIEF NOTES.

County court next Monday.

The spelling mania is still raging.

Ice is being used quite freely during the present week.

Clear and cloudless yesterday, but with a pleasant northern breeze.

There is a message uncalled for at the telegraph office for Samuel G. Spray.

A gilt picture frame is now at the office of Chief Lappeus awaiting an owner.

The river continues to rise and the lowlands on the east side are being submerged.

The government is at present engaged in constructing wing dams on the Upper Willamette.

The owner of fireman badge No. 637 (active) can obtain the same by calling on Chief Engineer Hallock.

A collection was taken up last Sunday evening at the Sunday-school concert held at Lee's Chapel, and the sum of $15 50 was realized.

The Catholic Social Union are preparing to give a dramatic entertainment, which is expected to take place in the course of a month.

The new boat for the Stark street ferry, will be ready for service by the 1st of June. Her machinery is now about ready to be placed in position.

Several workmen are engaged in repairing a boiler at the boneyard, which will be used in generating steam for one of the O. S. N. Co.'s new boats.

High water has caused a suspension of operations by the dredger. She was brought to the city yesterday, and will be tied up until the water subsides.

In the police court yesterday morning, Joe Flick and Capt. Trout, who were fined $15 each for disorderly conduct effected a settlement with the Judge, by Flick paying his fine, and the Captain going below.

The remains of the late Col. Sanders, who was drowned some days ago while crossing the Blue mountains, arrived from The Dalles on Tuesday. The body will be sent down to San Francisco on the *Ajax* for interment.

A few pair of elk antlers were brought up from the lower Columbia a few days ago. A gentleman has purchased the horns, and, we learn, will send them to Philadelphia to be placed on exhibition at the Centennial Exposition in 1876.

AMUSEMENTS.

Miss Kate Denin, who has been playing an engagement at Victoria, left for San Francisco on the 25th inst. Her engagement, we are informed, was a failure.

Says the *Standard*: Mr. Sawtelle has formed a theatrical troupe, and will leave for a visit to New Westminster this morning (28th inst.), there to occupy the boards of that city for a few evenings. He will delight the good folks of that royal city in such characters as "Rip Van Winkle."

We are in receipt of a letter from Mrs. Fanny Morgan Phelps, dated Victoria, April 26th, in which she says: "I have made arrangements to make a tour of the Sound with Capt. McDonald's band of trained Indians. They have drawn crowded houses here. I shall be in Portland to open on the 14th prox."

On Saturday evening Miss Ada and Rillie Deaves will be the recipient of a complimentary benefit at Oro Fino Theater. The entertainment will consist of the farces, "Clockmaker's Hat" and "Nan, the Good-for-Nothing," followed by a musical olio, in which a number of volunteers are announced to appear. A matinee performance will also be given on Saturday afternoon.

MILITARY NOTES.

Major and Paymaster Reginald H. Towler will pay the troops, to include the muster of April 30, 1875, at Forts Colville, Boise and Camp Harney, in the order named. On completion of this duty Major Towler will rejoin his station.

The telegraphic instructions of this date to the commanding officer, Fort Lapwai, pursuant to telegraphic orders from division headquarters to direct 1st Lieutenant Frazier A. Boutelle, 1st Cavalry, appointed Adjutant 1st Cavalry, to report without delay at Benicia Barracks, California, are confirmed.

Pursuant to telegraphic authority of the 12th inst. from the War Department, the depot quartermaster at Vancouver will issue—and drop from his returns—100 old pattern blankets to the Stikine tribe of Indians at Fort Wrangel, Alaska, in payment for the death of their sub-chief Fernandeste. The blankets will be shipped to 1st Lieutenant John A. Lundeen, 4th Artillery, at Fort Wrangel, by the first steamer.

ORTHOGRAPHICAL.

One of the most exciting and closely contested spelling matches this spring, either in this city or vicinity, was had at Lee's Chapel, Brooklyn (addition to East Portland), Tuesday evening. The propounder was Mr. J. Williamson, and the referees were Rev. W. Roberts, Rev. N. Doane and Mr. J. R. Farish; prize, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, just issued from the press. For several rounds no one missed, but soon after, one after another went down until only two were left—a brother and sister. Now great interest was manifested, as the family of which they are members have a high reputation as spellers. After repeated spelling, the brother found "indefatigable" too much, so the sister—Mrs. Sarah Kerns—was pronounced the winner. A new feature was introduced, which we hope will be followed at other spelling matches, namely, music and singing before and after the spelling. Taken as a whole, this spelling match was the most enjoyable we have attended.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

If you wish to purchase something with which to beautify and embellish your parlors and center tables, do not fail to attend the auction sale held to-morrow, by Oscar Kilbourn. He will sell a magnificent lot of beautiful Sandwich Island coral.

SOMETHING NEW.

The new style of promenade photographs. These beautiful pictures are now made at Bosco & Megler's new rooms, Nos. 127 and 129, First street. Call and examine them.

During the warm weather there is nothing better nor more cooling than a drink of soda water from Gibson & Co.'s "Arctic."

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Ladies who wish to have their own hair braided, made into switches, or worked up into any kind of ornamental work for use or preservation, will do well to call on or send to Mrs. LARSON, on Ninth street, between C and D. She does all such work very neatly and upon reasonable terms. a28d1m

Spelling matches are all the rage now and there is no telling what may follow to occupy the attention of society. What attracts most attention in the vicinity of Front and Washington streets is the establishment of BECK & WALDMAN. The immense stock of spring and summer Clothing, and the marked changes in the matter of charges at this house is sufficient to draw large crowds to their store. Youths' clothing continues a specialty, and fond parents make a great mistake if they fail to examine the stock at Beck & Waldman's.

KOHN, opposite the National Bank, is still busy disposing of those new and exceedingly attractive styles of summer suits. His recent visit to San Francisco gave him an opportunity to make the necessary arrangements for the shipment to his house of the latest and most fashionable suits as they should appear. Everybody who has had any acquaintance with Kohn needs no urging. You need a suit, or some furnishing goods now, and Kohn offers you a splendid chance to buy.

At The GREAT EASTERN CLOTHING STORE they are offering the finest Clothing to be found in the city, at prices that defy competition. There you can select from the latest styles which are laid in upon the arrival of every steamer from San Francisco. A full line of Furnishing Goods, Youths' Suits, Valises and Trunks constantly on hand. Observe the sign, "Great Eastern Clothing Store," W. HARRIS, Proprietor, 125 First street.

M. ROSENBLATT, Clothier, has just returned from San Francisco with a large Stock of Spring Goods—particularly Boys' and Youths' Clothing, at lower rates than ever. Call and see before purchasing. The Store is No. 79 Front street.

PLEASURE BOATS.

I have a number of Sail and Row Boats ready at any moment to let at reasonable charges. Boats made to order.

JOHN LACHAPELLE,
Foot of Pine St.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

CENTENNIAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Before leaving for the annual meeting of the board of commissioners, to be held in Philadelphia in May, permit me to again call the attention of our people to the importance of the great work before them, necessary to secure to our State a full and advantageous representation in the general rivalry of States and nations to take place at the World's Exposition in 1876. Our people have it in their power to place the resources of this State so prominently before the various representatives of the world, that capital to develop and utilize them will pour in upon us without stint or solicitation.

The time has now arrived when we must decide whether the varied products and mineral resources of our State shall be represented or not. It is true it will make no marked difference in the final results of this great display, should our State fail to be adequately represented in her material wealth; neither is it a favor conferred on the Commissioner for the citizens of any State to lend their assistance to this great enterprise, as the work of the Commission is to prepare grounds and furnish suitable conveniences for the Exhibition, but not to supply the material to be exhibited themselves; but it would seriously affect our own prosperity, and be a subject of mortification to every true citizen of our State. All the nations of the entire civilized world, with more than two-thirds of our own States and Territories, have signified their intention to be present with their choicest contributions, by making application for space on the grounds and in the buildings in which to exhibit the productions of their industries. And if the people of Oregon are true to their own interest they will not be *last* or *least* in the work.

But there are still other and higher motives that should actuate us in this great work. The act of Congress organizing the commission, set forth that "the exhibition should be a national celebration, in which the people of the whole country should participate, and that it should have the sanction of the Congress of the United States." The act has committed our country and people to the celebration. A failure would cause us disgrace and national humiliation, while success will demonstrate to the nations of the earth that here in the wilderness, within the last century, Liberty and Law, maintained by a free and independent people, have developed a power and national strength second to none on the earth.

The historical events that this great national movement is designed to celebrate, we deem of but trivial importance when compared with the real source of our growth and success as a nation.

Our Revolutionary victories, the blood, carnage, turmoil and strife of war—all sink into insignificance, and pass before the mind like the memories of childhood's dreams, and should sleep under the glorious harvest that the past century has gathered as a tribute to Yorktown and Brandywine, developed into a tangible reality by art, science and peaceful toil.

The main desire and efforts of the American people should be to make the Centennial a grand success, and worthy of the national eminence freedom has attained within the last one hundred years.

A. J. DUFUR,
Commissioner for Oregon.

THE DALLES, April 28, 1875.

OREGON CITY ITEMS.

Our regular correspondent sends the following under date of 28th inst.:

The funeral of Mrs. Arthur Bell, of this town, took place to-day, and was largely attended. Funeral service was performed by Rev. D. J. Pierce, of Portland.

The following business has been transacted since noon yesterday: State vs John Joyce; plead not guilty to a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon. James Norton vs W. U. Telegraph Co.; dismissed at cost of plaintiff; Harding & Potter vs John Schram; jury disagreed and were discharged. John Myers vs Joseph Teschara; dismissed at cost of plaintiff. J. N. Pertot vs E. J. and E. Ross; sale of land confirmed. John Doole vs J. W. Crane; decree of foreclosure. Laura Coggun vs Geo. Coggan; venue changed to Marion county.

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

The Pacific Branch Permanently Established in San Francisco.

Since the first visit of Dr. H. R. Allen (the founder of the National Surgical Institute) to this coast, nearly two years ago, it has been the intention of the Institute to establish a Branch in San Francisco. The subsequent visits of other Surgeons of the Institute, and the unparalleled success which attended them, has served only to strengthen the project. After the expenditure of much time, labor and money in preparing instruments, machinery, etc., the Pacific Branch is at last permanently established, and will be open for the reception of patients by the middle of this month. For the present, and until further notice, the business will be continued at their old building, No. 319 Bush street, between Kearny and Montgomery, San Francisco. The machinery for the Swedish movement and vacuum cure; Galvanic and Electrical apparatus, and for giving the Electro Thermal, Turkish, Vapor and other baths, has all been received from the East, (where it was manufactured in the Institute machine shops), and is rapidly being placed in position. Dr. J. M. Hinkle, one of the oldest and most successful surgeons of the Institute, associated with Dr. Thos. Mayon and a corps of skilled assistants, are already in San Francisco, and will remain there in charge of the Branch Institute; consequently no further questions need be asked or fears apprehended concerning the permanency and proficiency of the *Pacific Branch*.

Dr. Allen will visit the Institute in San Francisco on the 20th of this month, and remain until the 15th of May following, during which time he will be pleased to see all the old patients now under treatment, and as many new ones as possible. The Institute is especially prepared to treat all Deformities and Surgical cases, Chronic Diseases, etc.

Address National Surgical Institute, 319 Bush street, San Francisco, for circular and particulars.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office,)
PORTLAND.

AN AWFUL RESPONSIBILITY.

Everybody has something to say about consumption. We all deplore its terrible ravages, but only a few of us seem to have common sense enough to take the proper means of preventing it. It is a fact as easy of proof as that two and two are four, that HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, taken as a remedy for cough, cold, difficult breathing, hoarseness or any other of the symptoms which, as it were, pave the way for that terrible destroyer, will effect a radical and rapid cure of the ailment, and avert all danger. Whoever, knowing this, neglects to resort to the true specific under such circumstances, assumes a fearful responsibility.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS—Cure in one minute.

A Self-Advertising Remedy.

There are certain proprietary articles that advertise themselves. Among these are Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It may be truly said of this celebrated remedy for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, and antidote to malaria, that the contents of every bottle is an advertisement, since its good effects so decidedly and promptly evince themselves as invariably to elicit favorable comment from those who use it. This is particularly true in rural neighborhoods invaded by chills and fever, and other types of malaria, for which it is a recognized specific. Such disorders being epidemic, the question "What is the best remedy and safeguard?" naturally presents itself to everybody in this vicinity, and is made the subject of general inquiry. A family benefited by the Bitters communicates the fact to the neighbors, who in turn become patrons of the great remedy, and proclaim its efficacy. This explains why it has become the most popular of American household medicines, and why its popularity is continually on the increase.

Found at Last!—A remedy that not only relieves, but cures that enemy of mankind, Consumption, as well as the numerous satelites which revolves around it in the shape of coughs, colds bronchitis, sore throat, influenza, &c. The remedy we allude to is DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Boston.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and, always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous-head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels, cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co, Druggists, 501 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

FATHER DE SMET.

Many readers in Oregon knew Father De Smet personally, and nearly all have heard much of him. The following, concerning his services in preserving peaceable relations with the Indians, is from the N. Y. *Herald*:

"After his return to America," said Mr. Weed, closing his recital of this extraordinary career, "I and Bishops Hughes and Purcell made known to the Government of what inestimable value this missionary could be to them in their dealings with the Indians. Our advice was accepted, and from 1862 up to a few years ago, when he closed his missionary labors, every administration sought his services as a mediator of peace. During all these years he never received any compensation from the Government, declining all the offers of salary that had been made to him, and sustaining himself out of his own ample means. Previous to his death he founded a splendid Catholic college in St. Louis, where he had spent some time during the last few years of his life. He died about a year or two ago—I do not exactly remember when. I am thoroughly convinced that if he had lived longer much of our recent difficulties with Indians might have been spared us." And Mr. Weed concluded this brief sketch with a heartfelt eulogy on the exalted character of his departed friend.

An Interesting Church Meeting.—There were some very exciting occurrences at a religious service held near Big Spring, Indiana, on a recent Sunday evening. The exercises had just begun, when some one announced that the horses of the worshipers, which were supposed to be safely tied outside of the building, had been cut loose. A general scramble ensued, and after the horses had been caught and hitched again, quiet was restored. Then one of the congregation missed his pocket-book, and announced the fact aloud. A second period of excitement followed. The door was locked, and every one in the room was called on to submit to an investigation. One young man present was just enough intoxicated to be quarrelsome, and refused to let any one search him. The rest of the party insisted on their right, however, and, after examining every pocket in his coat, vest and pantaloons, punished him for his resistance to authority by pitching him rather rudely out of doors. The youth immediately hunted up some boon companions, and led them to an assault upon the sanctuary. A great many hard words passed between the congregation and the mob, the former being armed with billets of stove-wood and other improvised weapons, and the latter with pistols. After numerous threats had been exchanged, and a great deal of bad blood roused, the clergyman succeeded in procuring a truce to hostilities, and the services were concluded in due form. As a sequel to the whole affair—and one which may not be without its moral—the person who missed his pocket-book, found it when he returned home, in his barn, where it had been lying all the time.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'cl'k, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

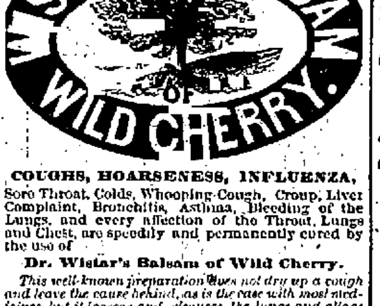
WANTS.

WANTED,

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK IN a small family. Apply at middle house, West Park street, between D and E. a28d3t

WANTED,

A PARTNER WITH $1,000 or $1,200 to ENGAGE in the Family Grocery Business in Portland. Adress G. R., this office.



W STARS BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA,

Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

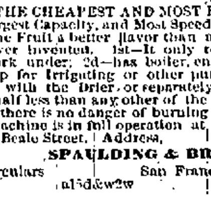
This well-known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most medicines, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & Co., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

PLUMMER'S

California Fruit Drier.



Patented December 29th, 1871.

THIS IS THE CHEAPEST AND MOST ECONOMical, Largest Capacity, and Most Speedy DRIER and gives the Fruit a better flavor than any other machine ever invented. 1st—It only requires a shed to work under; 2d—has boiler, engine, and steam pump for irrigating or other purposes, in connection with the Drier, or separately. 3d—the cost is one half less than any other of the same capacity, and there is no danger of burning the fruit. A sample machine is in full operation at our Factory, No. 31 Beale Street. Address,

SPAULDING & BRO.,

Send for Circulars San Francisco, Cal.

a15d&w2w

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Of all descriptions.

WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying Insects. Also, Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, etc. Send for Catalogue.

HACHENEY & STEMME, Grocers,
daw First and Taylor sts., Portland, Or.

Buildings on the Fair Grounds

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL PERsons owning buildings on the Fair Grounds (occupied as booths) of the State Agricultural Society, or who are acting as agents for buildings, that they must be removed on or before the 15th of May, 1875. All buildings not removed at that time, will be considered as abandoned to the society.

It is desired that interested parties give this matter early attention, as the Society will commence the erection of new buildings after the date above named. The Aurora Restaurant building is exempt from this notice, the lease not having expired.

M. WILKINS,
E. M. WAITE,
LEWIS SAVAGE,
a28d2tw1t Executive Committee.

CITY POUND NOTICE.

TAKEN UP ON SATURDAY, APRIL 24th, ONE Roan MARE, with saddle marks on right side. Will be sold at the City Pound on Friday, 30th, at 1 o'clock, if not redeemed.

CHAS. LAWRENCE,
a28d3t City Pound Keeper.

REMOVAL.

DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets, (double house), where he can be found at any time. [illegible]

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

P Northouse, Gervais
C Frist, do
Thos Morris, Bellevue
L Cadwalader, Sauvie's Island
J W Bothrop, Astoria
C Woodworth, Dilley's
M Smith, Vancouver
F Bourbank, do
Jas Davidson, Europe
H Cranford, Umatilla
O W Morgan, Dixie
Wm R Willis, Roseburg
J C Colbath, Victoria
A L Pinkham, Seattle
H H Baber and family, Harrisburg
J H Bellinger, Roseburg
Jos Watt, Forest Grove
S W Smith, Independ'ce
B F Boyle, Umatilla

NATIONAL HOTEL.

C Dale, M D, Hillsboro
Wm Bratten, Lewis River
M B Jones, do
R Graham, do
G F Hollingsworth, do
J M Armstrong, do
M R Shaver & wf, do
Jno Black, Cowlitz
E B Ramsby, Silverton
J E C Bridges, Salem
P Watson, do
Jos Casto, do
Mr and Mrs C Comstock, Albany
J Williams, Scappoose
E Worth, Forest Grove
W J Evans, Dalles
C Effron, Kalama

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

Geo Flavel, Astoria
L L Ladd, St Helens
T R Holmes, Oregon City
T C Ellngon, St Helens
R Johnson, Klaskanine
J S Howard, Jacksonville
A Lobree, Coos Bay
E W Sprague, do
T S Redfield, S F
W H Crockett, Tacoma
S P Hall, S F
B Robberson, City View
S A Young, St Joe
H O McIntyre, Sauvie's Island
W H Anderson, Astoria
F E Smith, Kalama
E W Conyers, Klaskanine

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

J Forrest, Idaho
W G Scoggin, Gaston
C Dale, Pendleton
J R Morris, Oakland, Cal
C B Murphy, Olympia
A R Burbank, Lafayette
J Myers, Forest Grove
T Y Black, Hulsey
Nat Gotgettru, Scio
A E Smith, Sitnate
J Tustin, Tillamook

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.

ICE CREAM and WATER ICES, in season.

The only place to get the justly celebrated

Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TEN ACRES OF LAND, TWO MILES BACK OF East Portland, on the Powell Valley road. Inquire of SCHMEER BROS., Confectioners,
ap16d2w First street, bet. Stark and Oa.

Homes Secured on Easy Terms.

LOTS AND BLOCKS IN PORTLAND AND land in the vicinity sold on time, on the installment plan. In this way a home is secured with the money which is usually paid in monthly rent of premises. Improved and unimproved land sold on time. Selected wild land in Oregon for $1 and in Washington Territory for $1 25 per acre.

Address C. M. CARTER,
ap17-1m Portland, Ogn.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

GRAND OPENING
OF
SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING
AT
"The Clothing Store,"
COR. FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE ESTABlishment inform their patrons and the public generally that they have nearly completed unpacking the amount of

$20.000 Spring & Summer
CLOTHING!

And we would here mention that it is of importance to those contemplating to purchase to first examine our

New Stock and Prices!

Our GOODS are DIRECT FROM THE EAST and are of the very Latest Styles and Patterns, and consist of

French and American Cassimere Suits, Diagonal Suits, new styles.

Kersey Suits, English Derby Suits, new styles.

Genuine French Cassimere Pants, new styles, and others too numerous to mention.

A large stock of Boys' and Youths' light and dark colored

SUITS OF NEW STYLES,
Large Stock of Hats, &c.

Workingmen, Attention!

We are now enabled to sell the first class

PATENT OVERALLS AT 75 CENTS.

Large Stock of

FURNISHING GOODS!

Also, a full line of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

FRANKLIN BROS.

GREAT BARGAINS!
IN
PARASOLS!

338	Children's Parasols at 50c each.		
425	Ladies' large SILK Parasols,		$1.50.
247	"	Alpaca "	$1,50.
301	"	Twilled Silk, large,	$3.00.
278	"	Silk Lined, extra Trimmed,	$3.50.
102	"	Sun Umbrellas, worth $7.00 at	$5.00.

These Goods are the entire Stock of J. D. Barr & Co., of San Francisco, who have just closed business, and will be sold for less than the cost of manufacturing, at

P. SELLING'S,
Corner of First and Yamhill Streets.
a16d1m

LADIES' LINEN SUITS
LADIES' LINEN SUITS
A MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT!
Comprising the very
LATEST PATTERNS!
Just unpacking, at
SIMON HARRIS'
Odd Fellows' Building.
CALL TO-DAY AND INSPECT!

NEIMEYER & UTTER,
Merchant Tailors,
45 First St., bet. Oak & Pine.

THIS DAY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED

900 PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS!

Part of a Manufacturer's Stock recently damaged by

FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO!

We have secured this lot at a very low price, and we propose to give our Customers the full benefit of the reduction.

Also—NEW DRESS GOODS, TIES, GLOVES, &c.
GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, in new shades.
BL'K IRON FRAME GRENADINES,
A New Invoice of Gentlemen's
No. 44 CLOTH COLLAR!

These are all Cloth, and we sell them at the same price as Paper.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

S. SHERLOCK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Saddlery, Harness, Saddlery Hardware, Hill's Concord Single and Double Buggy Harness, &c., &c.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAM HARNESS ON HAND.
No. 61 Front Street and No. 62 First Street, Portland.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.
Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates

Repairing promptly attended to.

WILLAMET IRON WORKS.
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND [illegible] STREETS.
P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary.............PETER [illegible] President.

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills, Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.

WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any imported on hand and made to order, of any size.

REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.

Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Bo[illegible]

DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful [illegible]

House Castings, Etc., Etc.

ja1 tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.................HENRY FAILING.
Cashier.................JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.........$1,562,500
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.
BRANCHES
In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.
AGENCIES
In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.
Exchange for Sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

WINDOW GLASS.
100 Boxes
AT COST OF IMPORTATION
FROM ENGLAND,
Sizes from 16x24 to 26x38,
IN LOTS TO SUIT.
FOR SALE BY
GEO. L. STORY,
PORTLAND.
Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

Street Contracting.

W. H. BUTTS IS STILL IN THE BUSINESS. Especial attention given to Repairing Roadways and Sidewalks. Anything from a mouse-hole to a full-sized block. Enquire at residence, corner Fifth and Caruthers streets, or at Everding & Farrell's. a21d3m

100 ROLLS
36 in. No. 6 Cotton Duck
FOR DRAPERS.
For sale very low by
J. & P. N. HANNA,
308 and 310 Davis Street, San Francisco.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.
JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.
[illegible] OREGON.
[illegible] to be forwarded to all [illegible] and can offer superior [illegible] having a large
FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,
[illegible] and a large experience, [illegible] shipments at the very [illegible] the Forwarding and [illegible] promptly attended to. [illegible] Mark goods Care J. R. F.

Always [illegible] assortment of [illegible]
Groceries, Provisions & Clothing, Mechanics, Miners & Blacksmiths' Tools,
[illegible]
IRON AND STEEL.
[illegible]

J. SIMON & CO.,
50 FRONT STREET.
DEALERS IN
DOORS AND BLIND
WINDOW SASH, ETC.
1,000 Boxes Glass
ENAMELED GLASS,
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS.
PRICES REDUCED
Call before purchasing elsewhere
GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

SIGNS! SIGNS! SIGNS!
WM. P. BERGER,
Practical Painter.
Shop, No. 40 Mo[illegible] Second and Third.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF Plain, Ornamental and Fancy Signs with neatness and dispatch. Gilding on [illegible] and picture painting a specialty.

Also, Graining, Paper Hanging [illegible] work in all its branches, done in a su[illegible] give me a call.

SLAB WOOD AND BRICK.

ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE [illegible] LEFT AT
SPAULDING BROS., Centre Market
WEEKS & MORGAN, [illegible] and Morrison
S. LEVY, First, bet. Morrison and [illegible]
Prompt attention given and prices reasonable
m31d2m N. VERSTEEG.

GEORGE MORROW. W[illegible]

GEO. MORROW & CO.
GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco
mar12d6m

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
PUBLIC READING ROOM.

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS, AND MAGazines—a warm, comfortable room, where the citizen and stranger—especially young men—are always welcome.

Noon meetings daily, except Sundays, from 12:15 till 1 P. M.

Room No. 1, over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, corner of Stark and First streets.

W. C. CHATTIN,
General Secretary.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

PLEASE CALL AT STATE BOARD OF IMMIgration Rooms, Ankeny's Market, and procure tickets entitling you to travel by railroads and Steamers all over the State at half fares. Also, where employment is obtainable, farms for sale and to rent, and other information as to Oregon, free of charge. fe27tf

PIONEER WOOD YARD,
FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.
SORENSEN & TAYLOR.
ALL KINDS OF WOOD,
Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between A. B. Richardson and S. L. N. Gilman is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Parties indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment to A. B. Richardson, who will continue the business at the old stand in his own name.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
SAM'L L. N. GILMAN.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

DAILY.		WEEKLY.	
One Year, by mail	$10 00	One Year, by mail	$3 00
Per month "	1 00	Six Months	2 00
By carrier, per week	25c	Three "	1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Renewals should be made at least two weeks before expiration of subscription.

Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

MASSACRE IN INDIA.

EIGHTY MEMBERS OF A SURVEYING PARTY MURDERED IN COLD BLOOD.

[Letter to the New York World.]

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.—"There has been a terrible massacre in the Naga Hills." Such was the simple news conveyed by a telegram to the people of India and the civilized world, a few days since. How many there were who understood "these few words, may be counted by hundreds. It is a mere repetition of the sad event by which Major-General Canby and Rev. Dr. Thomas were killed and others wounded in the campaign against the Modocs in the United States, only a short fifteen months since. Treachery on the part of the dark-skinned allies, and over-confidence on that of the whites.

Early last December an English Government survey and exploring party, consisting of Lieutenant Holycombe, Capt. Badgely and Mr. Chennel, of the Royal Topographical Survey, left for the eastern frontier of India. A guard of forty native soldiers of the Forty-fourth Regiment, and some twenty members of the Sylhet frontier police force, went with them, while about one hundred and fifty coolies were taken to look after the baggage. This made a total of 213 souls in all. The party, soon after starting, proceeded from Seebsaugor, a small hamlet about six hundred miles from Calcutta, and entered what is familiarly known as the Naga Hills, through the valley of the Dikhoo, a branch of the Brahmapootra river. Their purpose—the survey of the district from the Dikhoo towards Luckimpore, a distance of about fifty miles—was made known to the inhabitants by means of proclamations. After a slight delay, the exploring party began their work, meeting with no opposition from the villagers, though the Nagas have the reputation of being about as blood-thirsty savages as could be met with any where in India. The fact of the party not being opposed by these Nagas threw them off their guard, which was just what the Nagas wanted, as the sequel shows.

On the first of the current month the party had arrived and halted at a place called Soonoa, which is about four marches south of Joypore, in the Luckimpore district. Leaving this village, the party encamped late that afternoon just beyond what is known as the Nabaug village, through which they had to pass. Things went along nicely till just after nightfall, when some seven or eight villagers came bearing torches and, as they said, presents. Lieutenant Holcombe, who had charge of the survey party, permitted them to approach, when they offered him a goat, some spices and yams, at the same time informing him that in the morning they would return and bring other presents. The visit, from subsequent events, proved to be only to spy out the number in camp, and this soon was revealed. Early the next morning, prompt to their word, returned those of the previous evening, but not alone, as with them came nearly two hundred men. Of these, some fifty on sixty engaged the Lieutenant in conversation, whilst the remainder, under pretence of selling provisions, etc., to the balance of the party, freely intermixed with them.

The coolies were getting ready for a move when some of them noticed that the villagers were armed with daos, or large knives, and called the Lieutenant's attention thereto. He refused to attach any importance to the fact, believing that it was merely a custom among the Nagas. These Naga savages noticed the slightest move in their favor, and managed to engage the attention of the commanding officer and disarm the sentry at one and the same time. This they effected by the simple request from one of their number to the Lieutenant to be shown the rifle which the sentry carried. The weapon was taken from the sentry and handed to one savage, whilst a second offered a gong to the officer, who took it, and, not thinking it of moment, gave it a smart blow. The other savages had in the meantime, as though by preconcerted arrangement, become inextricably mixed up with the survey party. Now came forth the fearful treachery of the savage, for with the sound of the gong one of the two savages near Holcombe struck him a blow on the neck with his dao, and repeating it a second time felled him to the earth. As the officer reeled and fell, his assailant, who was doubtless a leader of the tribe, shouted, "Mardal, Madi!" ("kill, strike.") As the words left his mouth each Naga, who, it appears, had chosen his victim, dealt with him in a similar and effective manner. The noise alarmed those who fortunately were not on the spot, and dire confusion for the time reigned supreme. Captain Badgely sought refuge in his tent, but was followed, and severely wounded. Cut in the thigh, he jumped through the back of his tent, which was luckily open; then stumbled and fell. Immediately springing up, he found it was all over, and that some seventy or eighty men lay dead and as many more wounded. A slight delay, and the unwounded drew themselves together, and by their fire made the cowardly assailants fly. The baggage was now, with the ammunition, got together, and secured, and within two hours after the bloody event the unwounded, bearing with them the wounded, began a retreat. The Nagas seeing this, kept up a harassing pursuit for some miles, and made a second determined attack upon the arrival of the little party at a small stream known as the Dilli river, and were quickly repulsed. On the second night of their retreat the party passed several Naga villages, and although invited to remain, every pledge of friendship having been given, no stop was made. Soon the northeastern boundary of British India was reached, and on the evening of the 5th the party was safe.

The heads of the slain were taken off by the survivors to prevent their being paraded in the villages of the Nagas, as those savages think as much of the caput as the American Indians do of the scalp. The number of killed and wounded, as far as can be ascertained, is eighty killed, fifty-one slightly wounded, twenty fatally wounded, and fifty-two unhurt. The Supreme Government intends sending two regiments forward at once, when the massacre will be avenged. The orders to these regiments are to exterminate root and branch all of the villages and villagers of what are known as the Sanua and Ninu villages of the Naga Hill tribes.

A RATHER MEAN ADVANTAGE.—A party was given in Boston, not long since, that was marked with a peculiar specialty. It was called a "majority party," and no lady guest was allowed to be present who was over twenty-one years of age. The condition of admittance to the gay assembly was publicly stated, and the exact ages of those invited were closely criticised; but, when the guests assembled, some unusually mature representatives of twenty-one years were found among them. Women are not always kind in covering up each other's foibles, and a member of this class, the daughter of a clergyman, was sure that one of her companions had seen more years than the number allowed. Her father had baptized the young lady whose age was the subject of criticism, and an examination of the baptismal register plainly showed that the lady's age was twenty-five.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 28, 1875.

Gold in New York 115¼@⅜.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling 88½.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco 1½ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on New York 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on New York 1½ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1½ per cent premium.

Gold Bars 800.

Latest Liverpool wheat quotations are 9s 5d@9s 7d for average California, and 9s 9d@10s for club.

From our Eastern exchanges we learn of a tendency toward greater ease in financial circles than was anticipated. The season of dividends is already at hand. On the first of April the annual settlements among the farmers in the Middle and New England States, are made. In May the U. S. Treasury will disburse very large sums for interest and principal of the public debt, and railway and other corporations also pay out freely for dividends and interest. All these various disbursements being taken into consideration in looking at the present and future prospect of business matters it is claimed that all the signs presage a fresh industrial impetus. In San Francisco also the amount put into circulation during the past three months has been unusually large, one mining company alone having paid in dividends amounting to $2,181,600. But some may say, what is all this to Oregon? We answer a great deal, for its influence is bound to extend to our State in a great many ways, not the least is in this that money being more plentiful in the "States," of the thousands who already know and have a good opinion of our country will no longer stay away from our shores because they cannot sell their property, but trade having revived and people having means to travel will get out of a country cursed with drouth and hard winters, and grasshoppers, as fast as possible. And population is a desideratum, for people make business and business makes wealth. Nor can we have any hard times financially, in Oregon, if the other States are enjoying ease in this regard; but we will realize their prosperity, in a measure, as we have their adversity during the decade in which they have been struggling to recover fully from the effects of the war.

A synopsis of the recently published December report of the board of statistics, and for the calendar year 1874, as compared with the corresponding periods of 1873, shows the total value of our exports of domestic and foreign commodities last year to have exceeded the imports by $85,490,837, while during the year before our excess of exports over imports amounted to only $12,473,160. This, upon the whole, is not a bad showing.

Miscellaneous.

Shipowners complain that business has not been paying for a year or more. Freight in all the great commercial ports rules very low, in consequence of the superabundance of shipping. In Calcutta alone, at the latest dates, there were 37,000 tons o vessels holding back for paying rates.

The grain capacity of the vessels that have wintered at Chicago is greater than ever before. This fact seems to indicate very low freights the coming summer by both rail and water. It is conceded that most of the wheat crop will go forward by lake.

A considerable trade is being carried on between Australia and San Francisco in kanguroo skins. At the latter place they are much in vogue, and, when tanned, are said to produce a thin, supple leather, softer than calfskin, and more impervious to water.

Immigration is setting toward this coast at a very gratifying rate. Hard times, incident to over-production and a depreciated currency, and cold weather, are having a telling influence in depopulating Eastern States, for the benefit of the Pacific coast.

The latest reported charters of wheat vessels in San Francisco were at £2 2s 6d@£2 5s to Liverpool, and £2 6s 6d@£2 7s 6d to Cork. There are 45,000 tons of shipping idle in that port, which could get £3 for the new crop, but expect much higher rates to prevail after harvest.

The interruption in the overland freight traffic, incident to the washing away of portions of the track in the vicinity of Ogden, is a great inconvenience to importers and shippers. There are large consignments of miscellaneous goods on the way to this coast, which in some cases are much needed. The wool clip, which had begun to move forward quite rapidly, is temporarily stopped by the embargo, and invoices for the East are accumulating at San Francisco.

The imports of coffee to San Francisco since Jan. 1st have been unusually large, aggregating 7,130,000 pounds.

The San Francisco *Commercial Herald* of April 22d says: "The markets for flour and grain show a hardening tendency, as the natural result of a dry time. We, however, see no reason to expect any considerable improvement in values this summer, for the reason that there is no scarcity in grain or fodder, and that the general outlook is one of great prosperity to all industrial interests upon the Pacific coast."

Domestic Produce.

In this department of trade we have no changes to note. Breadstuffs are not offering in quantities of any magnitude, and wheat transactions especially are light.

Mill feed is still scarce and high for the season; hay in fair demand at our last quotations; potatoes are in lighter receipts and lessening demand for shipment, some signs of weakness appearing in the San Francisco market. Provisions generally are in fair supply, and dairy products of choice quality much inquired for. There is some speculation in wool, though but little is yet coming forward. Dealers here seem to entertain different views in regard to the prospect of the wool trade, some claiming that choice lots will open at 25 cents per pound and common at 18@22 cents, while there are those whose quotations do not go above 22 cents. Eggs to day are weaker at 18 cents per dozen.

The steamship Ajax, from San Francisco, had not arrived at a late hour this evening.

The steamer Gussie Telfair, from Victoria, arrived at 9 o'clock this evening.

The British ship Sussex went to sea on last Monday, leaving the Corsica at Astoria, the only seagoing vessel there, detained for want of a crew.

Shipping Intelligence.

The bark Gazelle, having been chartered by a Chinese firm for Hongkong, will carry a cargo of Salem mills flour, which we learn has already been purchased for her.

The British ship Elizabeth Dougall hauled up to Flanders' wharf this afternoon, and will finish loading by Friday night.

The steamship California arrived at Victoria from Sitka and Fort Wrangel on last Monday.

The steamer Gussie Telfair arrived at Victoria from this port on Sunday, and was to sail on her return here on Tuesday.

The barkentine Ella is taking on a cargo of lumber at the North Portland mills for a Southern California port.

The barkentine Jane A. Falkinburg is up for Honolulu, and will be ready to receive freight very soon.

Our dispatches this morning announced the arrival at her destination of the British bark One, hence for the United Kingdom with a cargo of wheat.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Arrived—Bark Cyane, Ounalaska; bark Forest Queen, Port Ludlow; ship Blackhawk, New York; steamer City of Peking, Hongkong via Yokohama.

Sailed—Schooner Maggie Johnsten, Tahiti.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Flour—Superfine, $4@4 20, extra, $4 75@5, shipping, $5@5 50 jobbing lots.

Wheat—Shippers, $1 70, millers, $1 80; good, $1 75.

Barley—Bark coast $1 60; feed, $1 60@1 65; brewing, $1 65a1 70.

Oats—Good to choice feed, $2@2 15; milling, $2 15a

Potatoes—Monterey, $2; Petaluma, $2.

Onions—Good sound yellow, 4c.

Corn—$1 52a1 60.

Cornmeal—Table, 2½@3c; feed, $34@35.

Buckwheat—3@4c.

Rye—$1 35.

Peas—Dry, 3½a4c.

Beans—Bayo, 3c; pea, 3½a4c; small white, 3½c to 3¾c; butter, 4½a5½c; pink and red, each 2c.

Seeds—Alfalfa, 16a18c; canary, 12½c; flax, 3a3½c; California mustard, 1½@3c; timothy, 7c.

Hops—Cal., 30@32½.

Honey—Strained, 9@11c; dark, 20c; comb, 10; dark, 15c; light 20c.

Beeswax—27½c.

Ripe Fruit—Oregon apples, $1 75a2 10; jobbing, $2@3 50; limes, $20; lemons, $25a30; oranges, $25a40; California $25a30; Tahiti pine-apples, $7; bananas, $25a30; cranberries, $13@15; strawberries, $8a14 chest of 80 pounds.

Nuts—Almonds, 8@10c; hard, 15@20c; soft-shell, Brazil, 12½@14c; filberts, 16a20c; Chile walnuts, 10a11c; California walnuts, 7½a11c; California peanuts, 9@10c; Italian chestnuts, 25c; cocoanuts, $8a9; hickory, 10@11c; pecan, 12½c.

Feed—Mill price bran, $19; feed middlings, $27 50; Oil cake meal, $30.

Hay—$10a17 $ ton; straw, 60@65c per bale.

Dairy Products—Fresh roll butter, 25@30c; cheese, 13@16c; Eastern, 14@20c; fresh laid eggs, 30c; Oregon, 27½c.

Poultry—Live turkeys, 22c; dressed, 24a25c; hens, $8@9; large roosters, $6a10; spring chickens, $4@7; ducks, $8a9; geese, $12a15.

Wild game—Hare, $1 50@2; rabbits, $1 25a1 50; English snipe, $2 50; common, $1; larks, doves, plover and curlew, 75ca$1; ducks and geese, $2a3.

Provisions—Cal. hams jobbing, 11½c uncovered; 14c covered; Cal. bacon, 15@17c for heavy medium and light; 14½a15½c, according to brand; shoulders, 8@8½c; smoked beef, 9c; beef tongues, $30; pigs' feet, $22 50; mess beef, $10a12 bbls; $6a7 hlf bbls; Pork—prime, $16; prime mess, $20; mess, $22; extra clear, $22. Cal. lard, in caddies, 15a16½c; Chicago, same packages, 15@19c, according to brand.

Wool—Spring burry and heavy, 15@18c, fair to good medium grades, 19a22c; fancy lots long staple, 24@25c.

Hides and Pelts—Cal. dry, usual selection, 18@19½c; salted, 8½@9c; sheepskins, 75c@$1 50, according to size and condition.

Tallow—5½@6c.

OFFICE OF

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

No. 105 Third St., Portland, Or.

Machines sold on Note or Installment Plan, and liberal discount made for cash.

Good reliable Agents wanted.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY), As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:50 A. M.	Roseburg	7:10 P.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞ Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.,

To take Effect Monday, March 29, 1875,

Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAY), AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	2:30 P. M.	St. Joseph	6:30 P. M
St. Joseph	6:30 A. M.	Portland	10.20 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove: at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Station without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

HON. GEO. W. CASS, RECEIVER OF

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	6:30 P. M
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:40 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P. M. with Steamer for Victoria and Stikine Mines.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE, General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER, General Ticket Agent.

Kalama, W. T., Feb. 6, 1875.

GEO. H. HIMES,

THE FIRST

Steam Job Printer

In the State of Oregon,

No. 5 Washington St., Portland,

SIGN OF THE BIG

HAND.

Business Men DEMAND

Neat Printing,

Cheap Printing,

Quick Printing

And to supply this want I have provided myself with every thing needful for the rapid execution of all kinds of

COMMERCIAL, LEGAL & SOCIETY Printing.

In connection with my establishment there is a

First-Class Book-Bindery

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

Don't forget to call, see samples and learn prices.

Orders by mail will be promptly attended to.

GEO. H. HIMES, No. 5 Washington Street.

F. GOLDSMITH. J. LOEWENBERG

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.

(Successors to Friedman & Co.,)

33 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block.

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS, AND **TINMEN'S STOCK.**

AGENCY for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES

PAPER HANGINGS

WILSON & FENIMORE,

MANUFACTURERS,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Samples Furnished.

MARKETS.

REID & VESTAL,

BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to he

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third

E. CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,

(FIRE PROOF),

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES:

Riding, $1 50 per hour.

Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.

To boats, 50 cents each passenger.

Funerals, $5 per Hack.

To and from Balls and Parties, $2 a couple.

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS, promptly attended to at any hour.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour.

Riding, $1 50 per hour.

To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.

To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.

Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.

☞ All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

The Grandest Achievement of the Age!

The Little Monitor SEWING MACHINE!

NO SHUTTLE! NO BOBBINS!

No rewinding of thread! Makes the Lock Stitch, Chain Stitch and Cable Stitch, from two commercial spools, direct.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST RUNNING, AND makes the least noise of any machine in the world. The most simple in construction, and the easiest operated.

Will sew from the finest to the heaviest of fabrics without any change of tension.

SEWS 25 PER CENT. FASTER

Than any other Machine, making 5½ stitches to the revolution.

The public are invited to call and see this

WONDERFUL INVENTION!

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

For further particulars call at

104 Third Street, near Alder, Good Templars' Building.

MRS. A. B. PAXTON, Sole Agent for Oregon.

BLUE LICK

KENTUCKY
BLUE LICK
WHISKEY

WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates.

H. FLECKENSTEIN, SOLE AGENT,

Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors, No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

WITHERELL & MURRAY,

OFFICE—No. 62 FRONT STREET.

REAL ESTATE AND EMPLOYMENT AGENTS. Real Estate Bought and Sold on Commission. Houses and Lots Rented and Rents Collected. A General Collection Business attended to. We have a fine sitting room especially for ladies, and invite all who wish to PROCURE HELP of any kind, and also those seeking employment to give us a call. GEO. W. MURRAY, Notary Public and Conveyancer, will attend to making out Deeds, Mortgages, Leases and Powers of Attorney, and taking acknowledgments of same; also Protesting Notes, Bills, etc. Books of Accounts written up and posted in a satisfactory manner.

ap20-1m GEO. W. MURRAY, School Clerk.

ASSAY OFFICE.

J. H. FISK,

ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,

No. 30 Stark Street.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST with a new stock of Chemicals, Analytical and Assaying Materials, I am prepared to Analyze Coals, Ores, Minerals and Metals of every description.

The highest price paid for Gold Dust and Gold bars.

Pioneer Brass & Iron Works.

ZIMMERMAN & FRAZER,

First Street, between Taylor and Salmon.

Machinery Repaired and Made to Order.

Babbitt and Anti-Friction Metals, constantly on hand and made to order.

Blacksmithing, Gold and Silver Plating, Key-Fitting, &c.

Rare Chance for Druggists!

HAVING PURCHASED THE LARGE AND ELegant Drug Store of Mr. S. M. Smith, corner First and Ash streets, I will sell at a bargain the entire FURNITURE, FIXTURES, &c., of my Store, corner of First and Oak streets.

A splendid opportunity is hereby offered to Druggists in country towns. For terms, address or call on WM. PFUNDER, First and Oak and Ash streets.

d&w

Pioneer Carpet Weaver.

EDWARD STILLER

HAS RESUMED BUSINESS AT HIS RESIdence, Third street, between Madison and Jefferson.

WANTED—1,000,000 Yards of Carpet to weave.

a9d1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Granger's Market Company, in Portland, on Monday, May 3, 1875.

J. J. IMBRIE, Secretary.

ap20dtd

LAW CARDS.

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 12 Dekum's Building.

REMOVAL.

A. C. GIBBS. E. G. HUGHES

GIBBS & HUGHES,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

Office in Ankeny's Building, First Street.

Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State, and pay particular attention to Business in the United States Courts.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

E. HAMILTON'S

Law Office,

W. corner Washington and Front Streets. Entrance on Washington.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,

Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.

OCULIST AND AURIST.

ROOM 2—DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

Office Hours—10 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,

OFFICE—PFUNDER'S DRUG STORE.

Residence—Third street, bet. Salmon and Main.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!

CLARENDON HOTEL!

Corner of F and First Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURnished throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests.

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon, at moderate prices

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.

Street Cars pass the door.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.

HALLETT & KIMBALL.

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is new and hard finished, and the board is as good as any first-class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged moderately.

A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.

Employers in want of help, please call.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

Cor. Front and Washington sts., Albany, Or.

J. H. BACKENSTO, Prop'r.

BOARD AND LODGING FROM $1 TO $1 50 per day, according to room occupied.

Free Coach to and from the House. mh31d1m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives, Sarsaparilla, Dock, Stillingia and Mandrake with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system, that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as *Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility.* With their departure health returns.

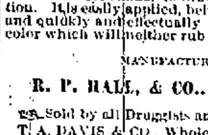
PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Generally.

T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching, and dandruff; and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, says of it: "I consider it *the best preparation for its intended purposes.*"

Buckingham's Dye,

FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown, or black at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color which will neither rub nor wash off.

MANUFACTURED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Generally.

T. A. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

HABIT, if not necessity, makes a Hair Dressing indispensable to many. The new "VIGOR," which DR. AYER'S laboratory issues, is one of the most delightful we have ever used. It restores not only the color, but gloss and luxuriance to faded and gray hair.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND

NAILS.

THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., at

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

JOHN R. FOSTER.

J. N. VIMONT, Mem. S.F. Stock & Ex. Board. JAMES G. HUGHES. GEO. W. HUME.

VIMONT, HUGHES & CO.

General Commission

STOCK BROKERS,

426 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

Buy and sell Stocks exclusively on Commission.

m23 ☞ Liberal Advances made. ☜ 3m

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Second Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve the following named intersections by grading and planking the same the full width. Those portions occupied by the cisterns to be at the expense of the city, viz:

The intersection of Second street with Alder street.

The intersection of Second street with Yamhill street.

The intersection of Second street with Main street.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

April 24, 1875. a24d10t

Ash Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Ash street from the west line of Front street to the plank roadway in Fourth street, by grading, laying new sidewalks where necessary, and planking the roadway and intersections full width with box gutters across the intersections, except a portion of the planking in front of block 27, and a portion of the intersection of First street.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

April 24, 1875. a24d10t

Montgomery Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to change the grades of Montgomery street at the following points:

At Tenth street from 160 feet to 158.5 feet—at Eleventh street from 168 feet to 166.5 feet.

Above the base of grades.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

April 24, 1875. a24d10t

Ordinance No. 1625.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving Front Street from the center line of Washington street to the north side line of Ash street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Front street lying between the center line of Washington street and the north side line of Ash street shall be commenced as soon after the 5th day July, 1875, as practicable, and completed as hereinafter provided by this Ordinance on or before the 15th day of October, 1875.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all planks, timber or other obstacles or obstructions, excepting sidewalks of the proper width and grade that are in good condition. If the planks, timber or other obstacles are not removed by the owners of the adjacent property within three days after receiving notice from the Superintendent of Streets, the same shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. After all the material of the old pavement (excepting the sand) has been removed, the street between curbs shall be dressed up by spreading over the road bed a layer of coarse sand, to within seven and one half (7½) inches of grade at the center and its cross section shall correspond with the cross-section of the pavement when laid. The grade of the gutters shall be eight inches below the grade of the sidewalk, except where otherwise provided.

Section 4. A flooring of one and one half inch boards of sound yellow fir shall then be laid in courses lengthwise of the street and conforming to the grade and crown thereof as directed by the City Surveyor, their ends resting upon stringers of one and one half inch boards running across the street, not more than twelve feet apart.

Section 5. Blocks of sound yellow fir six inches in depth, three inches in thickness and in length not less than six nor more than ten inches shall be set up edgewise upon the flooring in rows running across the street to the gutters. The rows shall be separated by strips of inch boards three inches wide and not more than three feet in length placed on their edges. The rows of blocks shall break joints with each other. The blocks shall be fitted so as to make close joints, and shall be uniformly laid, not varying more than a quarter of an inch in the same row. All rot, sap and defects in the lumber shall be trimmed off, and the rows both of blocks and strips shall be laid close together.

Every third row of strips shall be nailed to the blocks and flooring by a ten (10) penny nail driven slanting downwards at each end of strip.

Section 6. The space between the rows of blocks and above the strips shall be filled with clean gravel compactly rammed by means of a paver's rammer and an iron blade prepared to fit the joints.

The gravel shall be composed of pebbles of such size as will pass through a sieve with wires three fourths of an inch apart, and shall be free from objectionable particles.

Section 7. Planks six inches in thickness and twelve inches in width shall be laid alongside and closely fitting to the curb, and flush with the top of the pavement blocks, except as provided in Section 8.

Section 8. Where practicable a curb six inches thick and sixteen inches wide shall be placed on edge along the outer line of the gutter plank, commencing twelve feet north or south from the line of block, at which point the top shall be flush with the top of gutter plank, and sloping up to within two inches of the hight of sidewalk at the line of block and shall maintain this hight around that portion of the intersection shown on the Plan in the Auditor's office.

Section 9. The intersections of streets shall be improved with Nicholson pavement as heretofore described, except that the blocks and the flooring shall be so laid as to miter upon the said intersections. The grade at the east side shall be such as to conform to permanent improvements. The top of blocks shall be flush with either the gutter plank or outter curb, as the case may be. At the west side line of Front street at the intersections of Washington, Stark, Oak, Pine and Ash streets; and at the East side line of Front street at the intersections of Washington, Oak and Pine streets, there shall be placed a curb of yellow fir timber, six inches thick, eighteen inches wide at the center of street and tapered down at the sides to correspond with the grade of the street.

Section 10. Sidewalk curbs shall be of wood, six inches thick, eighteen inches wide, and in lengths of not less than sixteen feet. Their ends shall be cut square to make good joints, and each joint shall be battened with a piece of plank three feet long, three inches thick and twelve inches wide, securely spiked to the inner side of the curb with six-inch spikes. Round corners shall be constructed at the corners of the sidewalks, and the sills and covering plank for the sidewalks shall be put down and supported in accordance with the provisions of section 7, of Ordinance No. 793, entitled, "An ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets," except as hereinafter provided; provided that nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the owner of any property from setting or maintaining a suitable stone curb, to be approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Section 11. Where practicable, aprons shall be constructed as shown on the plan before spoken of. In other cases they shall be made in the usual manner.

Section 12. Where necessary, catch basins shall be constructed with suitable sand boxes and chutes, according to plan.

Section 13. All lumber used in the construction of the pavement and sidewalks shall be of the best quality of sound yellow fir, free from sap, shakes, or loose knots, and shall be sawed of uniform thickness, with good, square edges.

Section 14. All materials furnished by the contractor that are not in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance shall be at once rejected by the Superintendent of Streets, and shall be immediately removed by the contractor. In case any work is put down and it is afterwards discovered that improper materials have been used, or that the work has not been properly done, the same shall be taken up and replaced with good material laid down in a workmanlike manner, at the contractor's expense.

Section 15. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident occasioned by carelessness or neglect.

Section 16. The contractor or contractors shall give security in such sum as the Committee on Streets and Public Property shall determine, for the faithful performance of the work, and also to hold the city and the property owners interested, free and harmless from any and all claims for royalty or the use of any patent right now in force for the laying of the Nicholson pavement or any part thereof.

Section 17. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized, on behalf of the Common Council, to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvements contained in the foregoing sections of this ordinance. Said contract shall contain a provision to the effect that after the commencement of the work upon the street, the same shall be carried forward continuously with as much rapidity as possible; not exceeding fifteen days for each block, without the written consent of said committee.

Section 18. The improvements shall be completed as herein provided, to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Passed the Common Council April 21, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 24, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

To Farmers and Others.

IMMIGRANTS ARE ARRIVING in the State by every steamer in search of employment, and the Board find difficulty in getting vacancies for them. We therefore earnestly request Farmers and others who require Farm Hands or labor of any kind to immediately communicate with us and we will gladly supply them with such labor free of charge on our part. Please state the wages offered, the class of men you want, and for how long employment will be given. The Assistant Secretary is in daily attendance at the Board Rooms, Ankeny's Building, Portland, from 10 to 3 P. M. each day, to whom all letters should be addressed.

W. S. LADD,
B. GOLDSMITH,
H. W. CORBETT,
C. LEINENWEBER,
WILLIAM REID,
State Commissioners of Immigration.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for Purchase of Goods, etc., etc., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery.

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH inserted in circular saws. REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, etc.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes, also Cross cut, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of [illegible] bours at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & Co., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are the duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

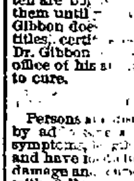
Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to us direct.

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE!

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,



623 KEARNEY STREET, COR. COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Diseases of [illegible] Ulcerated [illegible] ed.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure [illegible] he has returned from visiting the principal hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco, where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of suffering.

Horrible Disease.

How many thousands of persons both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgence, or from virus absorbed into the system, who look pallid, emaciated and [illegible] and broken-down constitutions [illegible] the happiness of [illegible] In this horrid situation [illegible] closes the scene [illegible] tend to those who [illegible] horrible, life-destroying [illegible] cared for and cured [illegible] immediately to DR. [illegible] made private diseases [illegible] and who is certain to [illegible] without mercury or [illegible] drugs. It is important to those who [illegible] afflicted or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who [illegible] all cities, publishing the [illegible] in a few days, imposing upon the public by the names of eminent [illegible] from Europe and other places. Be therefore careful and make inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of [illegible] This solitary vice, or depraved [illegible] practiced by the youth [illegible] unlimited extent, producing [illegible] ty, the following train of [illegible] combated by scientific [illegible] low countenance, dark [illegible] the head, ringing in the [illegible] of leaves and rattling [illegible] the loins, weakness [illegible] blunted intellect, [illegible] approaching stra[illegible] quaintances, [illegible] memory, hectic [illegible] tions about the [illegible] coughs, consumption [illegible] frequent insanity [illegible] apply immediately, [illegible] have a cure effected [illegible] of treating this disease [illegible] ing a quick and radical [illegible] Hundred Dollars to [illegible] isfactorily to him [illegible] plaint by either of [illegible]

Married Men.

Or those who contemplate marriage, [illegible] ing under any of [illegible] forget the sacred [illegible] nor delay to obtain [illegible]

DR. GIBBON is [illegible] and will give his patient a written instrument binding [illegible] fect a radical and permanent cure, or no charge.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco [illegible] pretenders who, [illegible] the unwary, [illegible] styled [illegible] names are [illegible] the daily newspapers [illegible] and other tradesmen [illegible] to work at trades. [illegible] the shoemaker, carriers, [illegible] keeper, etc. The only way to [illegible] cost you [illegible] may save you money for, as [illegible] in eight cases out of ten are [illegible] safety in [illegible] them until [illegible] who and what they are. Dr. Gibbon does [illegible] people by exhibiting his titles, certificates [illegible] Dr. Gibbon [illegible] who may call at the office of his [illegible] that he [illegible] to cure.

Cured at Home.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity to any part of the country, with full [illegible] directions. By inclosing Ten Dollars coin, [illegible] letter through the Postoffice or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. All communications strictly confidential.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearney street, corner Commercial, San Francisco. Postoffice Box [illegible]

REMEMBER TO PUT [illegible] ON THE LETTER. Consultations FREE.

☞ Correspondents will please inform DR. GIBBON that they read his advertisement in the OREGONIAN.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

MARRIAGE GUIDE.

the latest discoveries in the science [illegible] the compilation, &c. This is an [illegible] with numerous engravings, and [illegible] for those who are married or contemplating [illegible] book that ought to be under lock and key [illegible] about the house. Sent to any one [illegible] for Fifty Cents. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No [illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN the District Court of the [illegible] District of Oregon. [illegible] matter of A. Goldsmith [illegible] United States of America, [illegible] warrant in Bankruptcy has [illegible] Court against the estate of A. [illegible] of the county of Linn, and State [illegible] District, who have been duly [illegible] upon petition of S. Baum, [illegible] any debts and the delivery of [illegible] ing to said bankrupts, to them [illegible] transfer of any property by [illegible] law. A meeting of the creditors [illegible] to prove their debts and choose [illegible] signees of their estate, will [illegible] Bankruptcy to be holden at [illegible] trict, on the third day of [illegible] o'clock A. M., at the office of [illegible] No. 8, Dekum's Building), [illegible] ruptcy of said District.

DANIEL J. MACKAY, U. S. Marshal.

a21&28

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of Oregon. [illegible] ter of Henry C. Morrice, bankrupt. —At Portland, the 16th day of A[illegible] undersigned, hereby gives notice [illegible] ment as assignee of Henry C. M[illegible] in the county of Multnomah [illegible] within said district, who has b[illegible] rupt upon petition of his cred[illegible] Court of said District.

ap17d1aw3w

PORTLAND

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION ROOMS,

Corner of Stark and First Streets,

(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.)

Nearly 7500 Volumes

And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.

Membership Free to All.

MONTHLY DUES $1 00—QUARTERLY [illegible]

Directors:

WILLIAM S. LADD,	ADDISON C. GIBBS,
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER,	C. H. LEWIS,
MATTHEW P. DEADY,	M. W. FECHHEIMER,
L. H. WAKEFIELD,	H. FAILING,
W. H. BRACKETT,	LEHMAN BLUM.

M. P. Deady, President.
H. Failing, Vice President.
P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer.
M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary.
Henry A. Ozer, Librarian and [illegible]

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Corner of First and Oak streets (Fuller's [illegible])

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Cardinal McCloskey's First Wor

NEW YORK, April 29.—Cardinal McCloskey day unite in marriage General Adam Bade ted States Consul at London, and Miss Mar Niles, daughter of the late Minister to Italy.

Miss Ida Greeley to be Married b Closkey.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Horace Greeley's ter Ida is to be married, Saturday morning Nicholas Smith, of Covington, Ky., by Card Closkey.

A Horrible Tragedy.

DETROIT, April 29.—One of the most a tragedies ever committed in this city was to light last evening. Two colored wo mother and daughter, the former named E Thomas, the latter Harriet Fisher, were foun in their beds in a small house on the west Hastings street, their bodies chopped and with an axe almost beyond the semblance man beings. Suspicion points to John husband of the first victim, a colored barbe years of age. He has been arrested.

Mrs. Conway, the Actress.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Mrs. Conway, th who died last night, was a daughter of Crocker, of Litchfield, Conn., and sisters to F. Powers.

A Cargo of Salt Poisoned with Ars

The British ship *Niagara* arrived from on the 4th inst. with a cargo of salt, arse other merchandise, mainly chemicals. was stowed in the lower hold and between decks. During [illegible] the packages of arsenic [illegible] the contents distributed [illegible] On the ship's arrival the [illegible] charged and delivered to the consignee was sold and most of it sent out of the sequently, fears arose that some arsenic come in contact with the salt. To discover this was fact, several portions of salt in the hands of Prof. Do[illegible] result showed the presence tion of the cargo. Accor[illegible] dispatch, the poisonous thorough search and [illegible]

The Strike Beginning to Weak

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Ap[illegible] works yesterday voted [illegible] basis of '74 is granted.

U. S. Geologist on the Way to the Hills.

CHEYENNE, April 29.—Pr[illegible] S. geologist, accompanied [illegible] rived here to-day and will remain here four days to outfit and then proceed to Hills via Fort Laramie, where they will be by several companies of cavalry. Four practical miners accompany the expedition

Driven out of the Black Hills

OMAHA, April 29.—The party of miners out of the Black Hills by the military through here to-day. They were furnish transportation to Missouri Valley Junctio Northwestern railroad, as they were penni

The Emma Mine Case Transferred U. S. Circuit Court.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The suit of the E ver Mining Company against T. W. Park ers, has been transferred to the [illegible] cuit Court [illegible] their co-de[illegible] that plain[illegible] the claim [illegible]

Will of Mrs Conway.

NEW YORK, April 29th.—[illegible] Conway, actress, was [illegible] She leaves an estate of [illegible]

Schurz Sails for Europe.

Carl Schurz and family in the steamship Pomeran[illegible]

Death

John C. Green, an emine[illegible]

Tweed [illegible]

Twenty days extension [illegible] to file answer in the c[illegible] The prosecution decline[illegible] lars.

Gen. Baldy Smith gets an Offi

Gen. Wm. F. Baldy Smith is to be appo lice commissioner of th's cit[illegible]

Eastern-bound Mails Delayed

NEW YORK, April 29.—The [illegible] mail received here is the [illegible]

An Ex-Congressman Charged wi getting a Murder

CHARLESTON, S. C., April [illegible] Bowen was arrested to-day and [illegible] charged with having instigated the mur White, eleven years ago.

A Substantial Benefit

NEW YORK, April 29.—[illegible] tainments given at the [illegible] ments to-day, for the bene[illegible] Bryant, amounted to [illegible]

Making a Thief Disgorge.

The *Times* to-morrow w[illegible] General has begun a [illegible] weather, father-in-law [illegible] $105,608 and interest and [illegible] one time was head of the [illegible] assessments in the street depar[illegible]

International Code Commission

The International Code Com[illegible] programme for the meeting of th[illegible] Hague in September next, met to Woolsey presided. A large numbe gentlemen were present. Among the Prof. Woolsey, David Dudley Field, D. and Chancellor Pruine.

Sale of a Railroad.

BOSTON, April 29.—A majority of the of the Vermont and Canada railroad to transfer the road to the Vermont pany for $3,000,000, the bond of the latte 6 per cent. interest, to be secured by a co deed to the Vermont and Canada road.

Murder of Officers while doing thei

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 29.—This mor stable Michael Casey went to Plymouth to levy on the goods of James Connell. sisted, he returned for aid. Police offi ner went with him. They found the nell's connections, 10 or 12 men, had one house and barricaded it. As th proached they were fired on, Reibsen three balls. Casey was also shot. B brought to this city where he is dying, a critical condition. The sheriff, with posse, went to the scene of the outrage a two of the Connells, and the others, it is cannot escape.

The sheriff's posse captured Connell an his sons, after a desperate resistence on t and they are all now in jail here.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Bank of England.

LONDON, April 29.—Bullion in the Bank land has decreased £38,000 during the p Proportion of bank reserve to liabilities cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, April 29.—Specie in the Bank increased five millions eight hundred francs the past week.

Shipping.

QUEENSTOWN, April 29.—Arrived—Shi from San Francisco for London. The *Richardson*, from San Francisco for Qu has arrived. She lost several spars and her sails.

Letter of Sympathy to be Igno

LONDON, April 29.—A dispatch to the *graph* from Berlin says the Prussian Gover tends to ignore the letter of sympathy ad the Roman Catholic bishops of Great those of Germany.

The Rights of "Old Catholic

The Prussian Diet has prepared a bill the old Catholics entitled to a share of th Catholic church cemeteries and revenu tionate to their numbers as compared Catholics.

The Duchesne Conspiracy.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The *Times*' spe Germany reports that the Belgian minis tice made an explicit statement that th court is competent to take up proceeding Duchesne, and this statement has been to the Berlin government.

CANADA.

Fire and Loss of Life.

TORONTO, April 29.—A fire at Bally morning destroyed Peter Small's warch hotels and a number of other buildings Burke, Mary Ann Fanning and Margare their lives in the fire.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Ice Fields at Sea.

HALIFAX, April 29.—Several vessels fro report seeing immense quantities of ice them were jammed in ice a number o much damaged.

The Odd Fellows of Oregon City at their hall on the evening of the 26 ebrate the fifty-sixth anniversary of duction of the Order into the Unite Speeches were made by Messrs. K Cown, Randall, Locey and Noltner, Kelly, all of which were listened to terest, and seemingly appreciated audience in attendance.